



ENGINEERING YOUR SUCCESS.

Contents



Size

| OverviewT4 |
|--|
| Recommended Flow Diameter – In Inches |
| Recommended Flow Diameter – In Millimeters |
| Tube Fittings Pressure Drop |



Temperature

| erview | Т9 |
|-------------------------|----|
| Ring Material Selection | |



Application

| Overview | T11 |
|--|-----|
| Tube/Hose End Summary | |
| Port End Summary | |
| Tube to Port Pairing | T14 |
| Conformance to Application Specification and Approvals | T15 |
| | |



Media



Pressure

| Fitting and Adapter Pressure Ratings T24 | |
|---|--|
| Inch Tube Pressure Ratings | |
| Metric Tube Pressure Ratings | |
| Tube Selection Example | |

How To Order (TFD Standard Nomenclature Construction)

| Seal-Lok, Triple-Lok, Ferulok, Intru-Lok, JIS and K4 T29 |
|---|
| 4-Bolt Hydraulic Flanges |
| EO and EO-2 Fittings and Accessories |

Port Details

| SAE J1926-1 T33 SAE Straight Thread Connector Use in MS33649 T34 ISO 6162 T35 ISO 1179-1 T36 ISO 9974-1 T37 | ISO 6149-1 | T32 |
|---|-------------------|---------------|
| SAE Straight Thread Connector Use in MS33649 T34 ISO 6162 T35 ISO 1179-1 T36 ISO 9974-1 T37 | | |
| ISO 1179-1 | | |
| ISO 9974-1 | ISO 6162 | T35 |
| | ISO 1179-1 | T36 |
| NPTE and RSPT T38-T39 | ISO 9974-1 | T37 |
| | NPTF and BSPT T38 | - T 39 |





Before you spec it STAMP it.

When you order fittings and adapters from Parker, remember the word "STAMP." That way you won't forget important information! Size, Temperature, Application, Media and Pressure "STAMP" is the process for determining the proper fitting or adaptor selection. Selecting the proper fitting for a given application is an important part of system design.



Proper material, type and size of tubing and fittings for a given application is critical for efficient and trouble free operation of the fluid system. Selection of proper tubing and fittings involves determining the correct flow diameter, then selecting the correct material and the optimum tube size (O.D. and wall thickness).

Proper sizing for various parts of a hydraulic system results in an optimum combination of efficient and cost effective performance. A tube or fitting that is too small causes high fluid velocity, which has many detrimental effects. In suction lines, it causes cavitation which starves and damages pumps. In pressure lines, it causes high friction losses and turbulence, both resulting in high pressure drops and heat generation. High heat accelerates wear in moving parts and rapid aging of seals and hoses, all resulting in reduced component life. High heat generation also means wasted energy, and hence, low efficiency.

Too large of a tube or fitting increases system cost. Thus, optimum sizing is very critical. The following is a simple procedure for sizing of tube and fittings.

Step 1: Determine Required Flow Diameter

Use Tables T1 and T2 to determine recommended flow diameter for the required flow rate and type of line.

The table is based on the following recommended flow velocities:

Pressure lines – 25 ft./sec. or 7.62 meters/sec.

Return lines – 10 ft./sec. or 3.05 meters/sec.

Suction lines - 4 ft./sec. or 1.22 meters/sec.

If you desire to use different velocities than the above, use one of the following formulae to determine the required flow diameter.

| Tube I.D. (in.) = 0.64 | Flow in GPM | | |
|------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | Velocity in ft/sec. | | |
| OR Tube I.D. (in.) = 4.61 | Flow in liters per minute Velocity in meters/sec. | | |

The flow diameter will be used in combination with the temperature, application, media and pressure data to determine the proper tube size (O.D. and wall thickness).

NOTE: The tube fitting dash (-) size will be dependent on the tube outside diameter selected based on the S.T.A.M.P. criteria.



Recommended Flow Diameter – In Inches



| Maximum Flow Rate | Recommended Flow Diameter in Inches | | | |
|----------------------|--|------------------|-------|--|
| GPM | Pressure Lines | Suction Lines | | |
| 0.25 | 0.064 | 0.101 | 0.160 | |
| 0.50 | 0.091 | 0.143 | 0.226 | |
| 0.75 | 0.111 | 0.175 | 0.277 | |
| 1.00 | 0.128 | 0.202 | 0.320 | |
| 1.25 | 0.143 | 0.226 | 0.358 | |
| 1.50 | 0.157 | 0.247 | 0.392 | |
| 1.75 | 0.169 | 0.267 | 0.423 | |
| 2.00 | 0.181 | 0.286 | 0.453 | |
| 2.50 | 0.202 | 0.319 | 0.506 | |
| 3.00 | 0.222 | 0.350 | 0.554 | |
| 3.50 | 0.239 | 0.378 | 0.599 | |
| 4.00 | 0.256 | 0.404 | 0.640 | |
| 4.50 | 0.272 | 0.429 | 0.679 | |
| 5.00 | 0.286 | 0.452 | 0.716 | |
| 5.50 | 0.300 | 0.474 | 0.750 | |
| 6.00 | 0.314 | 0.495 | 0.784 | |
| 6.50 | 0.326 | 0.515 | 0.816 | |
| 7.00 | 0.339 | 0.534 | 0.847 | |
| 7.50 | 0.351 | 0.553 | 0.876 | |
| 8.00 | 0.362 | 0.571 | 0.905 | |
| 8.50 | 0.373 | 0.589 | 0.933 | |
| 9.00 | 0.384 | 0.606 | 0.960 | |
| 9.50 | 0.395 | 0.623 | 0.986 | |
| 10.00 | 0.405 | 0.639 | 1.012 | |
| 11.00 | 0.425 | 0.670 | 1.061 | |
| 12.00 | 0.443 | 0.700 | 1.109 | |
| 13.00 | 0.462 | 0.728 | 1.154 | |
| 14.00 | 0.479 | 0.756 | 1.197 | |
| 15.00 | 0.496 | 0.782 | 1.239 | |
| 16.00 | 0.512 | 0.808 | 1.280 | |
| 17.00 | 0.528 | 0.833 | 1.319 | |
| 18.00 | 0.543 | 0.857 | 1.358 | |
| 19.00 | 0.558 | 0.880 | 1.395 | |
| 20.00 | 0.572 | 0.903 | 1.431 | |
| 22.00 | 0.600 | 0.947 | 1.501 | |
| 24.00 | 0.627 | 0.990 | 1.568 | |
| 26.00 | 0.653 | 1.030 | 1.632 | |
| 28.00 | 0.677 | 1.069 | 1.693 | |
| 30.00 | 0.701 | 1.106 | 1.753 | |
| 32.00 | 0.724 | 1.143 | 1.810 | |
| 34.00 | 0.746 | 1.178 | 1.866 | |
| 36.00 | 0.768 | 1.212 | 1.920 | |
| 38.00 | 0.789 | 1.245 | 1.973 | |
| 40.00 | 0.810 | 1.278 | 2.024 | |
| 42.00 | 0.830 | 1.309 | 2.074 | |
| 44.00 | 0.849 | 1.340 | 2.123 | |
| 46.00 | 0.868 | 1.370 | 2.170 | |
| 48.00 | 0.887 | 1.399 | 2.217 | |
| 50.00 | 0.905 | 1.428 | 2.263 | |
| 55.00 | 0.949 | 1.498 | 2.373 | |
| 60.00 | 0.991 | 1.565 | 2.479 | |

| Maximum Flow Rate | Recommended Flow Diame in Inches | | | |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------|-------|------------------|--|
| GPM | Pressure Return Lines Lines | | Suction Lines | |
| 65.00 | 1.032 | 1.629 | 2.580 | |
| 70.00 | 1.071 | 1.690 | 2.677 | |
| 75.00 | 1.109 | 1.749 | 2.771 | |
| 80.00 | 1.145 | 1.807 | 2.862 | |
| 85.00 | 1.180 | 1.862 | 2.950 | |
| 90.00 | 1.214 | 1.916 | 3.036 | |
| 95.00 | 1.248 | 1.969 | 3.119 | |
| 100.00 | 1.280 | 2.020 | 3.200 | |
| 110.00 | 1.342 | 2.119 | 3.356 | |
| 120.00 | 1.402 | 2.213 | 3.505 | |
| 130.00 | 1.459 | 2.303 | 3.649 | |
| 140.00 | 1.515 | 2.390 | 3.786 | |
| 150.00 | 1.568 | 2.474 | 3.919 | |
| 160.00 | 1.619 | 2.555 | 4.048 | |
| 170.00 | 1.669 | 2.634 | 4.172 | |
| 180.00 | 1.717 | 2.710 | 4.293 | |
| 190.00 | 1.764 | 2.784 | 4.411 | |
| 200.00 | 1.810 | 2.857 | 4.525 | |

Table T1 - Recommended Flow Diameters, in Inches



Recommended Flow Diameter

in Millimeters

Return Lines

45.726

47.226

48.679

50.090

51.463

52.800

56.003

59.032

61.913

64.667

67.307

69.848

72.299

74.670

Suction Lines

72.400

74.774

77.075

79.310

81.483

83.600

88.671

93.468

98.030

102.389

106.570

110.592

114.474

118.228

Pressure Lines

28.925

29.874

30.793

31.686

32.554

33.400

35.426

37.342

39.165

40.906

42.577

44.184

45.735

47.235

Recommended Flow Diameter – In Millimeters



| Maximum Flow Rate | Rate In Millimeters | | | Maximum Flow Rate |
|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------------|
| LPM* | Pressure Lines | Return Lines | Suction Lines | LPM* |
| 1 | 1.670 | 2.640 | 4.180 | 300 |
| 2 | 2.362 | 3.734 | 5.911 | 320 |
| 3 | 2.893 | 4.573 | 7.240 | 340 |
| 4 | 3.340 | 5.280 | 8.360 | 360 |
| 5 | 3.734 | 5.903 | 9.347 | 380 |
| 6 | 4.091 | 6.467 | 10.239 | 400 |
| 7 | 4.418 | 6.985 | 11.059 | 450 |
| 8 | 4.723 | 7.467 | 11.823 | 500 |
| 9 | 5.010 | 7.920 | 12.540 | 550 |
| 10 | 5.281 | 8.348 | 13.218 | 600 |
| 12 | 5.785 | 9.145 | 14.480 | 650 |
| 14 | 6.249 | 9.878 | 15.640 | 700 |
| 16 | 6.680 | 10.560 | 16.720 | 750 |
| 18 | 7.085 | 11.201 | 17.734 | 800 |
| 20 | 7.468 | 11.806 | 18.694 | |
| 22 | 7.833 | 12.383 | 19.606 | |
| 24 | 8.181 | 12.933 | 20.478 | |
| 26 | 8.515 | 13.461 | 21.314 | |
| 28 | 8.837 | 13.970 | 22.118 | |
| 30 | 9.147 | 14.460 | 22.895 | |
| 32 | 9.447 | 14.934 | 23.646 | |
| 34 | 9.738 | 15.394 | 24.373 | |
| 36 | 10.020 | 15.840 | 25.080 | |
| 38 | 10.295 | 16.274 | 25.767 | |
| 40 | 10.562 | 16.697 | 26.437 | |
| 45 | 11.203 | 17.710 | 28.040 | |
| 50 | 11.809 | 18.668 | 29.557 | |
| 55 | 12.385 | 19.579 | 31.000 | |
| 60 | 12.936 | 20.449 | 32.378 | |
| 65 | 13.464 | 21.284 | 33.700 | |
| 70 | 13.972 | 22.088 | 34.972 | |
| 75 | 14.463 | 22.863 | 36.200 | |
| 80 | 14.937 | 23.613 | 37.387 | |
| 85 | 15.397 | 24.340 | 38.538 | |
| 90 | 15.843 | 25.045 | 39.655 | |
| 95 | 16.277 | 25.732 | 40.742 | |
| 100 | 16.700 | 26.400 | 41.800 | |
| 110 120 | 17.515 | 27.689 | 43.840 | |
| _ | 18.294 | 28.920 | 45.790 | |
| 130 140 | 19.041 | 30.101 | 47.659 | |
| 140 | 19.760 20.453 | 31.237 32.333 | 49.458 51.194 | |
| | 20.453 | 32.333 | | |
| 160 | 1 | | 52.873 54 501 | |
| 170 180 | 21.774 22.405 | 34.421 35.419 | 54.501 56.081 | |
| 190 | 22.405 | 36.390 | 57.617 | |
| 200 | 23.619 | 36.390 | 57.617 | |
| | 23.017 | 39.158 | | |
| 220 240 | 24.770 | 40.899 | 61.999 64.756 | |
| 240 | 26.928 | 40.899 | 67.400 | |
| 280 | 20.928 | 42.509 | 69.945 | |
| 200 | 21.344 | -++.170 | 09.943 |] |

| Table T2 – | Recommended | Flow Diameters, | , in | Millimeters |
|------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|------|-------------|
|------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|------|-------------|

*LPM = Liters Per Minute



Tube Fittings Pressure Drop

In hydraulic systems, pressure drop represents loss of energy and therefore should be kept to a minimum. Pressure loss in straight tubing and hose is mainly caused by the frictional resistance of the walls, while in fittings it is mainly caused by changes in the magnitude or direction of the fluid velocity. Mathematical analysis of pressure drop, even though possible, may not be exact because of the interrelationship of factors such as fluid density, velocity, flow area and frictional coefficients.

drops at various flow rates through fittings for fluid indicated. To determine pressure drop for a given flow, trace a vertical line up from the flow axis to the desired size line then trace a horizontal line from this intersection over to the pressure drop axis.

Example: A size 8 CTX, with oil, similar to the test fluid, flowing through it at 4 gallons per minute, would cause a pressure drop of approximately 2.3 psi. Conversions will have to be made for fluids which are not similar to test fluid.

The following pressure drop charts were derived from actual test data and may be used as a guide for determining pressure sure Drop Chart to which they apply.



Fig. T3 – Pressure Drop Chart for 90°Fittings or Branch Path Through a Tee or Cross Fitting (Triple-Lok)

Pressure Drops for Other Fitting:

*These pressure drop curves were established with Triple-Lok fittings. The pressure drop values can be adjusted for other fittings of the same size by multiplying the value from the chart by the ratio of Triple-Lok flow diameter to that of the other fitting, raised to the 4th power.

Example: Find pressure drop for 6 C5L at 5 gallons per minute flow rate:

From the chart, the pressure drop for 6 C5X is 10 psi.

Also, the ratio of 6 C5X to 6 C5L flow diameters is 0.297/0.264, or 1.125.

Therefore, the pressure drop for Seal-Lok = $10 \times (1.125)4 = 16$ psi.

Pressure Drops for Other Fluids:

Pressure drop through a fitting is mainly caused by change in direction and velocity of the fluid. Therefore, it is directly proportional to the specific gravity of the fluid. The drop due to friction, which is dependent on the viscosity of the fluid, is so small in this case that it can be ignored. Thus, the pressure drop with a different fluid can be calculated by multiplying the value from the graph above by the ratio of specific gravity of the two fluids, or:

New Drop = Value from the graph x ______ Specific Gravity of New Fluid

Specific Gravity of Test Fluid (0.873)





Fig. T4 — Pressure Drop Chart for Straight Fittings and Run Legs of Tees and Crosses (Triple-Lok)







Temperature

Temperature Ratings For Common Tube Materials

| Tube Material | Specification | Construction | Condition | Max. Hardness | Temperature Range (7) |
|--|--|---|--|---------------------------------|---|
| Carbon Steel C-1010 | SAE J524 (ASTM A179) (8) SAE J525 (ASTM A178) (8) SAE J356 | Seamless Welded & Drawn Welded & Flash Con- | Fully Annealed | HRB 72 | -65° to 500°F -55° to 260°C |
| Carbon Steel C-1021 | SAE J2467 SAE J2435 | trolled Welded & Flash Con- trolled Welded & | Fully Annealed | HRB 75 | -65° to 500°F -55° to 260°C |
| Carbon Steel High Strength Low Alloy (HSLA) | SAE 2613 SAE J2614 | Drawn Welded & Flash Con- trolled Welded & Drawn | Sub-criti- cally annealed | HRB 90 | -65° to 500°F -55° to 260°C |
| Alloy Steel 4130 | ASTM A519 | Seamless | | | -65° to 500°F -55° to 260°C |
| St 37.4 (Carbon Steel) | DIN 2391 Part 2 (Metric) | Seamless | Fully Annealed | HRB 72 | -65° to 500°F -55° to 260°C |
| Stainless Steel 304 & 316 | ASTM A213 ASTM A269 ASTM A249 ASTM A269 | Seamless Welded & Drawn | Fully Annealed | HRB 90 | -425° to 1200° -255° to 650°C (3) |
| 1.4571 1.4541 Stainless Steel | DIN 17458 Tab 8 (Metric) | Seamless | Fully Annealed | HRB 90 | -425° to 1200° -255° to 650°C (3) |
| Copper | SAE J528 (ASTM B-75) (8) | Seamless | Soft Annealed Temper 0 | 60 Max. Rock- well 15T | -325° to 400°F -200° to 205°C |
| Aluminum | | - · | T6 Temper | HRB 56 | -325° to |
| Aluminum 6061 | ASTM-B210 | Seamless | 0 & T4 Temper | HRB 30 | 400°F -200° to 205°C |
| Monel 400 | ASTM-B165 | Seamless | Fully Annealed | HRB 70 | -400° to 800°F -240° to 425°C |
| Nylon | | Extruded | Flexible & Semi-Rigid | | -60° to 200°F -50° to 95°C |
| Polyethyl- ene | ASTM D-1248 | Extruded | Instrument Grade | | -80° to 150°F -60° to 65°C |
| PVC | | Extruded | Instru- ment & Laboratory Grade | | 0° to 140°F -20° to 60°C |
| PFTE | | Extruded & Cintered | | | -65° to 400°F -55° to 205°C |

Table T6 - Temperature Ratios for Common Tube Materials

Tube Derating Factors for Temperature

Besides severity of service, high operating temperature also reduces allowable working pressure of the tubing. Temperaturederating factors for various tube materials are given in Table T7. Where applicable, derating factors for severity of service and temperature should be applied to the design pressure values in Tables T17 and T18 to arrive at the maximum recommended working pressure.

Example: Combined derating factor for 316SS tubing for B (severe) service and 500°F. operation is $.67 \times .9 = .603$

Tube Selection Example:

*The derating factors are based on allowable design stress values at various temperatures per ASME B31.1 code for pressure piping (1986).

| Maximum | Steel C-1010 | Stair St | nless eel | Connor | Aluminum | Monel |
|--------------------------|-----------------|-------------|--------------|--------|----------|-----------|
| Operating Temperature | and C-4130 | 304 | 316 | Copper | 6061-T6 | Туре 4000 |
| 100 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| 150 | 1.00 | 0.91 | 1.00 | 0.85 | 1.00 | 0.97 |
| 200 | 1.00 | 0.84 | 1.00 | 0.80 | 1.00 | 0.94 |
| 250 | 1.00 | 0.79 | 1.00 | 0.80 | 0.94 | 0.91 |
| 300 | 1.00 | 0.75 | 1.00 | 0.78 | 0.80 | 0.88 |
| 350 | 0.99 | 0.72 | 0.99 | 0.67 | 0.60 | 0.86 |
| 400 | 0.98 | 0.69 | 0.97 | 0.50 | 0.43 | 0.85 |
| 500 | 0.96 | 0.65 | 0.90 | | | 0.84 |
| 600 | | 0.61 | 0.85 | | | 0.84 |
| 700 | | 0.59 | 0.82 | | | 0.84 |
| 800 | | 0.57 | 0.80 | | | 0.83 |
| 900 | | 0.54 | 0.78 | | | |
| 1000 | | 0.52 | 0.77 | | | |
| 1100 | | 0.47 | 0.62 | | | |
| 1200 | | 0.32 | 0.37 | | | |

| Table T7 - | Temperature | Derating | Factors* | for Tubes |
|------------|-------------|----------|----------|-----------|
|------------|-------------|----------|----------|-----------|



O-Ring Material Selection

Standard O-Rings supplied with Parker tube fittings and adapters are 90 durometer hard nitrile (Buna-N) Parker compound #N0552 or similar. These O-Rings are well suited for most industrial hydraulic and pneumatic systems. They have high extrusion resistance making them suitable for very high pressure static applications. Optional high temperature fluorocarbon, Parker compound #V0894, is also available for higher temperature specifications.

O-Rings for other than normal hydraulic media or higher temperature applications can be selected from the following chart. The chart should be used only as a general guide. Before making final selection for a given application, it is recommended that appropriate tests be conducted to assure compatibility with the fluid, temperature, pressure and other environmental conditions.

For fluids not shown in the chart, please contact the Tube Fittings Division.

| Polymer | Abbreviated Name | Parker Compound No. | Color | SAE j515 Type | Hardness Shore "A"7) | Temperature Range (°F) | Recommended For | Not Recommended For |
|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|---|--------------------------|
| Nitrile-Butadiene | NBR | N0552 | Black | CH ²⁾ | 906) | -30° to 250° | Petroleum base oils and | Phosphate ester base |
| Nitrile-Butadiene | NBR | N0674 | Black | - | 70 | -30° to 250° | fluids, mineral oils, ethylene | hydraulic fluids, auto- |
| Nitrile-Butadiene | NBR | N0103 | Black | - | 70 | -65° to 225° | glycol base fluids, silicone | motive brake fluids, |
| Nitrile-Butadiene | NBR | N1059 | Black | СН ²⁾ | 90 | -30° to 275° | and di-ester base lubricants, | strong acids, ozone, |
| (Low compression | | | | | | | air, water under 150°F, and | freons, ketones, halo- |
| set) | | | | | | | natural gas. | genated hydrocarbons, |
| Nitrile-Butadiene | NBR | N0507 | Black | — | 90 | -65° to 180° | Hydrogen fuel cells. | and methanol. |
| Nitrile-Butadiene | NBR | N0304 | Black | _ | 75 | -65° to 225° | Hydrogen fuel cells. | |
| Nitrile-Butadiene | NBR | N0508 | Black | - | | -35° to 250° | Meets FDA requirements for | |
| | | | | | | | food products. | |
| Nitrile-Butadiene | NBR | N0756 | Black | - | 756) | -65° to 275° | CNG Applications | |
| Ethylene-Propylene | EPDM | E0540 | Black | CA ³⁾ | 80 | -65° to 275° | Phosphate ester base | Petroleum base oils |
| Ethylene-Propylene | EPDM | E0893 | Purple ¹⁾ | СА ³⁾ | 80 | -65° to 275° | hydraulic fluids, hot water, | and di-ester base |
| | | | | | | | steam to 400°F, silicone oils | lubricants. |
| | | | | | | | and greases, dilute acids | |
| | | | | | | | and alkalis, ketones, | |
| | | | | | | | alcohols and automotive | |
| | | | | | | | brake fluids. | |
| Ethylene-Propylene | EPDM | E0962 | Black | _ | 90 | -65° to 275° | CO2 climate control systems. | |
| Neoprene | CR | C0873 | Black | _ | 70 | -45° to 250° | Refrigerants (freons, | Phosphate ester fluids |
| Neoprene | CR | C0944 | Red ¹⁾ | _ | 70 | -45° to 250° | ammonia), high aniline point | and ketones. |
| | | | | | | | petroleum oils, mild acids, and silicate ester lubricants. | |
| Fluorocarbon | FKM ⁵⁾ | V0747 | Black | — | 75 | -15° to 400° | Petroleum base oils and | Ketones, skydrol fluids, |
| | or | V0884 | Brown ¹⁾ | | 75 | -15° to 400° | fluids, some phosphate | amines (VDMH), |
| | FPM | V0894 | Brown ^{1), 5)} | нк ⁴⁾ | 90 ⁶⁾ | -15° to 400° | ester base fluids, silicone | anhydrous ammonia, |
| | | | | | | | and silicate ester base | low molecular weight |
| | | | | | | | lubricants, di-ester base | esters and ethers, and |
| | | | | | | | lubricants, acids and | hot hydrofluoric or |
| | | | | | | | halogenated hydrocarbons. | chlorosulfonic acids. |
| Silicone | Si | S0604 | Rust ¹⁾ | - | 70 | -65° to 450° | Dry heat (air to 400°F) and | Most petroleum fluids, |
| | | | | | | | high aniline point oils. | ketones, water and |
| | | | | | | | | steam. |

Table T8 - O-Ring Selection

1) These Parker "Chromassure" color assurance O-Rings are available from the Parker Hannifin O-Ring Division. They help eliminate assembly errors, reduce warranty costs and liability risks, and assure safety in aftermarket business.

- 2) Formerly SAE Type I.
- 3) Formerly SAE Type II.
- 4) Formerly SAE Type III.
- 5) "FKM" is the ASTM designation for fluorocarbon. Its ISO designation is "FPM". For "DIN" Fittings, color is green.
- 6) Standard compounds available from stock.
- 7) Use 90 durometer hard O-Rings for applications with 1500 psi or higher pressures.



Application

Connector Proliferation

Today many different types of connectors are being used around the world. Most of thesehave come about through historical use and local preference for a certain design concept. Some connections of the North American origin such as four bolt flange, SAE straight thread and 37°Flare have found some degree of acceptance and use in Europe and Japan as a result of the exports of U.S. machinery to the regions after World War II. But, large majority of usage is made up of a variety of indigenous port and tube connections. A quick review of the commonly used connections around the world reveals that there are eight different port connections and eleven different tube/ hose connections.

| Port Connections | |
|------------------------------|---------------------------|
| NPTF | ISO 6149 (Metric Straight |
| SAE Straight Thread (UN/UNF) | Thread O-Ring Port) |
| 4-Bolt Flange | JIS-PT (BSPT) |
| ISO 1179 (BSPP) | JIS-B2351 (BSPP similar |
| ISO 9974 (Metric) | to SAE) |
| | - |

Tube/Hose Connections:37°Flare (SAE)30°Flare, BSPP (JIS)24°Flareless, Inch Threads (SAE) 24°Flareless, Metric (JIS)60° Cone Swivel, NPSM (SAE)60° Cone, BSPP (JIS)O-Ring Face Seal (SAE)60° Cone, Metric (JIS)24° Cone, Metric (DIN)37°Flare, Metric (Russia)60° Cone, BSPP (BSi)60°

The Challenge

Leakage is no longer acceptable in world class products. Above proliferation, besides limiting availability and increasing cost, increases leakage potential through misapplications. Therefore, the challenge facing the fluid power industry is two fold — eliminate leakage and minimize proliferation.

Meeting The Challenge

This challenge has been met through a very intensive and cooperative effort by the member nations of sub-committee 4 of the ISO Technical Committee 131 (ISO/ TC131) The sub-committee started this effort in 1989 and has completed development of performance based standards for the most widely used ports and tube/ hose connections to limit proliferation, and strongly endorsing those with elastomeric seals to eliminate leakage in hydraulic systems.

Ten ports, eight threaded and two four bolt flange, and four tube/ hose connections as shown on page T12 have been standardized. The threaded ports and tube/ hose connections are paired in the ISO 8434 series of fitting standards as defined in the table below.

To minimize proliferation in port usage and promote leak free connections, the sub-committee strongly endorses use of ISO 6149 port for all new designs by including the following statement in all port standards:

"For threaded ports and stud ends specified in new designs in hydraulic fluid power applications, only ISO 6149 shall be used. Threaded ports and stud ends in accordance with ISO 1179, ISO 9974 and ISO 11926 shall not be used for new designs in hydraulic fluid power applications."

On the tube/hose connection side, only ISO 8434-3 (O-Ring Face Seal) and ISO 8434-4 (24° cone with weld nipple) feature elastomeric seal for zero leak performance. Combining these with the ISO 6149 for the port connection leads to two (2) combinations (complete fittings) for use in leak-free world class products. They are:

| • | |
|------------|-------------------------|
| ISO 8434-3 | O-Ring Face Seal and |
| | ISO6149 Port |
| ISO 8434-4 | 24° Cone With Soft Seal |
| | and ISO 6149 Port |

For large port connections, the four bolt flange connection per ISO 6162 (SAE J518 is included in ISO 6162) remains widely used and the recommended connection.

| | | | Tube/Hose Connection | | | | | |
|---|------------------------------------|---|----------------------------|------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| Application | Port | 24° Cone Flareless (DIN) (Bite Type) | 37°Flare (Inch Threads) | ORFS | 24° Cone Weld Nipple | | | |
| For All Designs | Metric ISO 6149 (SAE J2244) | ISO 8434-1 | ISO 8434-2 | ISO 8434-3 | ISO 8434-4* | | | |
| Not for New Designs in Hydraulic Fluid Power | Metric ISO 1179 (DIN 3852-2) | ISO 8434-1 | ISO 8434-2 | | ISO 8434-4* | | | |
| | Metric ISO 9974 (DIN 3852-1) | ISO 8434-1 | | | ISO 8434-4* | | | |
| | UN/UNF ISO 11926 (SAE J1926) | | ISO 8434-2 | | _ | | | |

Table T9 - ISO Standard Port and Tube/Hose Connection Combinations

*Will be included in ISO 8434-1 at the next revision.



Tube/Hose End Summary.....

| Tube/Hose End Type | Illustration | Pressure – Dynamic | Pressure – Static | Seal Reliability | Vibration Resistance (in Rigid Systems) | Ease of Installation | Ease of Maintenance | Reusability | Temperature |
|--|--------------|-----------------------|----------------------|---------------------|--|-------------------------|------------------------|-------------|--------------------|
| Seal-Lok O-Ring Face Seal | | Excellent | Excellent | Excellent | Very Good | Excellent | Excellent | Excellent | Limited by Seal |
| Triple-Lok 37°Flare | | Very Good | Very Good | Good | Good | Good | Very Good | Good | Excellent |
| Ferulok Inch Bite Type | | Very Good | Very Good | Very Good | Very Good | Good | Good | Very Good | Excellent |
| EO Metric Bite Type | | Excellent | Excellent | Very Good | Very Good | Good | Good | Very Good | Excellent |
| EO-2 Soft Seal Metric Bite Type | | Excellent | Excellent | Excellent | Very Good | Very Good | Good | Excellent | Limited by Seal |
| Intru-Lok Brass Flareless | | Fair (Low) | Fair (Low) | Very Good | Good | Good | Good | Good | Excellent |
| JIS 30°Flare | | Good | Good | Very Good | Not Applicable | Very Good | Very Good | Very Good | Limited by Seal |
| JIS 60° Cone B8363 | | Good | Good | Very Good | Not Applicable | Very Good | Very Good | Very Good | Limited by Seal |
| Komatsu 30°Flare | | Good | Good | Very Good | Not Applicable | Very Good | Very Good | Very Good | Limited by Seal |
| K4 BSP Adapters | | Good | Good | Very Good | Not Applicable | Very Good | Very Good | Very Good | Limited by Seal |
| NPSM (Swivel) | | Good | Good | Very Good | Not Applicable | Good | Good | Very Good | Limited by Seal |

Dimensions and pressures for reference only, subject to change.



A

Port End Summary

| Port End Type and Seal Style | Illustration | Pressure – Dynamic | Pressure – Static | Temperature | Positioning | Contamination | Seal Reliability | Reusability | Fluid Compatibility |
|---|--------------|-----------------------|----------------------|--------------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------------|-------------|------------------------|
| Tapered (NPT, NPTF, BSPT and Metric Taper) | | Poor | Good | Excellent | Poor | Poor | Poor | Poor | Excellent |
| O-Ring in Chamfer (SAE J1926, ISO 6149 and JIS B2351) | | Excellent | Excellent | Limited by Seal | Excellent | Very Good | Excellent | Excellent | Limited by Seal |
| Spot Face with ED Seal (ISO 1179-2 and ISO 9974-2) | T | Excellent | Excellent | Limited by Seal | Not Applicable | Very Good | Excellent | Excellent | Limited by Seal |
| Spot Face with Bonded Seal (ISO 1179 and ISO 9974) | T | Good | Good | Good | Not Applicable | Very Good | Good | Excellent | Limited by Seal |
| Spot Face with Cutting Face (ISO 1179-4 and ISO 9974-3) | | Poor | Fair | Excellent | Not Applicable | Fair | Poor | Poor | Excellent |
| Spot Face with O-Ring and Retaining Ring (ISO 1179-3) | ľ | Good | Good | Good | Excellent | Very Good | Good | Excellent | Limited by Seal |
| Spot Face with Hard Metal Seal (ISO 1179 and ISO 9974) | | Poor | Fair | Excellent | Not Applicable | Fair | Poor | Poor | Excellent |
| Spot Face with Soft Metal Seal (ISO 1179 and ISO 9974 with copper gasket) | T | Poor | Fair | Good | Not Applicable | Very Good | Poor | Fair | Excellent |
| 4 Bolt Flange (SAE J518 and ISO 6162) | | Excellent | Excellent | Good | Good | Very Good | Good | Excellent | Limited by Seal |
| 4 Bolt Flange (ISO 6164) | | Excellent | Excellent | Good | Good | Good | Good | Excellent | Limited by Seal |

Dimensions and pressures for reference only, subject to change.



Δ

Tube to Port¹⁾ Pairing for Medium Pressure²⁾ Applications

| | Tube O.D. | | | Port 1 | hread | |
|-------|---------------------|--------|-----------|-----------|--------------|------------|
| | Inch (Dash Size) | | SAE | ISO | NPTF | BSPP |
| 1/8 | (-2) | 4 | 5/16-24 | M8 x 1 | 1/16-27 | G 1/8-28 |
| 3/16 | (-3) | 5 | 3/8-24 | M10 x 1 | 1/8-27 | G 1/8-28 |
| 1/4 | (-4) | 6 | 7/16-20 | M10 x 1 | 1/8-27 | G 1/8-28 |
| 5/16 | (-5) | 8 | 1/2-20 | M12 x 1.5 | 1/8-27 | G 1/4-19 |
| 3/8 | (-6) | 10 | 9/16-20 | M14 x 1.5 | 1/4-18 | G 1/4-19 |
| 1/2 | (-8) | 12 | 3/4-16 | M16 x 1.5 | 3/8-18 | G 3/8-19 |
| _ | | 15 | 3/4-16 | M18 x 1.5 | 1/2-14 | G 1/2-14 |
| 5/8 | (-10) | 16, 18 | 7/8-14 | M22 x 1.5 | 1/2-14 | G 1/2-14 |
| 3/4 | (-12) | 20 | 1 1/16-12 | M27 x 2 | 3/4-14 | G 3/4-14 |
| 7/8 | (-14) | 22 | 1 3/16-12 | M27 x 2 | 3/4-14 | G 3/4-14 |
| 1 | (-16) | 25, 28 | 1 5/16-12 | M33 x 2 | 1-11 1/2 | G 1-11 |
| 1 1/4 | (-20) | 30, 35 | 1 5/8-12 | M42 x 2 | 1 1/4-11 1/2 | G 1 1/4-11 |
| 1 1/2 | (-24) | 38, 42 | 1 7/8-12 | M48 x 2 | 1 1/2-11 1/2 | G 1 1/2-11 |
| 2 | (-32) | 50 | 2 1/2-12 | M60 x 2 | 2-11 1/2 | G 2-11 |

Table T10 - Tube to Port Pairing for Medium Pressure Applications

1) Ports are in accordance with the standards listed below: SAE J1926-1, ISO 6149-1, NPTF-SAE J476 and BSPP-ISO 1179-1

2) The pressure range covering all the sizes shown is 1000 to 5000 PSI.

Tube to Port¹⁾ Pairing for High Pressure²⁾ Applications

| | Tube O.D. | | | Port 1 | Thread | |
|-------|---------------|-----------------|-----------|-----------|--------------|------------|
| | ch I Size) | Metric (mm.) | SAE | ISO | NPTF | BSPP |
| 1/8 | (-2) | 4 | 5/16-24 | M8 x 1 | 1/16-27 | G 1/8-28 |
| 3/16 | (-3) | 5 | 3/8-24 | M10 x 1 | 1/8-27 | G 1/8-28 |
| 1/4 | (-4) | 6 | 7/16-20 | M12 x 1.5 | 1/8-27 | G 1/8-28 |
| 5/16 | (-5) | 8 | 1/2-20 | M14 x 1.5 | 1/8-27 | G 1/4-19 |
| 3/8 | (-6) | 10 | 9/16-20 | M16 x 1.5 | 1/4-18 | G 1/4-19 |
| 1/2 | (-8) | 12 | 3/4-16 | M18 x 1.5 | 3/8-18 | G 3/8-19 |
| 5/8 | (-10) | 14, 16 | 7/8-14 | M22 x 1.5 | 1/2-14 | G 1/2-14 |
| 3/4 | (-12) | 20 | 1 1/16-12 | M27 x 2 | 3/4-14 | G 3/4-14 |
| 7/8 | (-14) | _ | 1 3/16-12 | M30 x 2 | 3/4-14 | G 3/4-14 |
| 1 | (-16) | 25 | 1 5/16-12 | M33 x 2 | 1-11 1/2 | G 1-11 |
| 1 1/4 | (-20) | 30 | 1 5/8-12 | M42 x 2 | 1 1/4-11 1/2 | G 1 1/4-11 |
| 1 1/2 | (-24) | 38 | 1 7/8-12 | M48 x 2 | 1 1/2-11 1/2 | G 1 1/2-11 |
| 2 | (-32) | 50 | 2 1/2-12 | M60 x 2 | 2-11 1/2 | _ |

Table T11 - Tube to Port Pairing for High Pressure Applications

1) Ports are in accordance with the standards listed below:

SAE J1926-1, ISO 6149-1, NPTF-SAE J476 and BSPP-ISO 1179-1

2) The pressure range covering all the sizes shown is 2500 to 9000 PSI.



Conformance to Applicable Specifications and Approvals

| Fittings | Specifications |
|-----------------------|---|
| Seal-Lok | SAE J1453 |
| Metric Seal-Lok | ISO 8434-3 |
| | SAE J514 |
| | MIL-F-18866, MS Sheets* |
| Triple-Lok | MS51500 - MS51534* |
| | BS43687, part 4 |
| | ISO 8434-2 |
| | SAE J514 |
| Ferulok | MIL-F-18866 MS Sheets* MS51811 - MS51843* |
| | U.S. Coast Guard - meet applicable requirements of ASTM F1387 |
| | DIN 3861 |
| EO/EO-2 | ISO 8434-1-4, ISO 8434-4 (former DIN 2353) |
| E0/E0-2 | DIN 3865 |
| | DIN 3859 |
| | SAE J518 |
| Flange Adaptara | ISO 6162-1 |
| Flange Adapters | ISO 6162-2 |
| | ISO 6164 |
| JIS Adapters* | JIS B8363 (with some exceptions) |
| K4 Adapters | BS 5200, ISO 8434-6* |
| Pipe Fittings | SAE J514 |
| Pipe Plugs | SAE J531 |
| Straight Thread Plugs | SAE J514 |
| Pipe Swivel Adapters | SAE J514 |
| All catalog products | Canadian Registration |

Approvals:

Parker tube fittings are recognized by various acceptance organizations, among which are:

- Germanischer Lloyd (GL)
- Lloyds Register of Shipping (LR)
- Det Norske Veritas (DNV)
- American Bureau of Shipping (ABS)
- Russian Maritime Register of Shipping (RMS)
- China Classification Society (CCS)
- Deutscher Verein des Gas- und Wasserfaches (DVGW)
- Canadian Technical Standards and Safety Registration (CRN)

For other applications, Parker tube fittings also approved by diverse national authorities.

Numerous original equipment manufacturers and end-users of various industries have approved Parker tube fittings.

Attention:

Type Approvals usually are limited to certain products, applications, working conditions, validity time or other restrictions. We will gladly inform you on your individual application and send out the required documentation.

| Plating | Specification |
|--|---|
| Oawh am Ota al | ASTM B633 Type II FE/ZN8** **Clear/Silver Color |
| Carbon Steel – Chromium 6 Free Zinc | MIL-STD-171E |
| | JIS 8610 Class 1 Grade 3 |
| Stainless Steel | QQ-P35 Type VI |
| Passivation | ASTM A380 |
| Carbon Steel — Zinc Phosphate | DOD-P-16232, Class 1 |

| Plating | Specification | Comment |
|----------|---------------|---|
| Products | | All products meet the design factor requirements of this specification. |

| Test Methods | Specification |
|--|-----------------------|
| Leak, Burst, Impulse, Over-Torgue and | SAE J1644 (cancelled) |
| Repeated Assembly | ISO 19879 |
| Vibration | NFPA T3.8.3, ISO 7257 |

Table T12 - Conformance Standards

*Some parts do not meet dimensional requirements.



Media

Fluid Compatibility

The fluid compatibility chart on the following page is intended as a guide only and is not to be considered as a sole selection criteria to use Parker Tube Fittings in a specific application or with a specific fluid. Other factors that must be considered include, but are not limited to: Fluid temperature, ambient temperature, system pressure (both operating and peak) and applicable standards or regulations. For media not listed, please contact your Parker representative or the Tube Fittings Division.

Protective Coatings on Steel

Protective coatings such as electroplated zinc and cadmium1) and zinc phosphate are usually applied to steel fittings for extending their useful service life in corrosive environments. Cadmium and zinc corrode sacrificially, protecting the steel substrate from normal atmospheric rusting due to the common presence of oxygen, moisture and acidic gases. They are, however, rapidly attacked by many fluids including those containing acidic hydrogen and reactive fluorine, chlorine, bromine, iodine, and nitrogen. Zinc plating will further be attacked by strong bases or water with pH > 12. Zinc reacts with glycol based fire resistant fluids and forms a gelatinous compound that can plug up filters and be harmful otherwise, in a system with many zinc plated tube and hose fittings. Steel fittings with zinc phosphate coating or stainless steel fittings, along with brass fittings in low pressure applications, are viable options.

The other option is to run the fluid through the system, without components with moving parts in it, with an auxiliary power source, to generate and flush the gelatinous compound. Then re-connect all components, change filters and charge the system with new fluid.

The corrosion resistance of the Chromium-6 Free standard surface treatment is a minimum of 25% improved over traditional zinc gold (hexavalent) chromate surface. Additionally, the Chromium-6 Free surface meets the EU end of life vehicle directive and ROHS compliance.

Zinc-Nickel (Parker XTR) plating offers enhanced performance over both Chromium-6 Free (standard treatment) and traditioal zincgold hexavalent chromate surfaces. Parker XTR plating increases protection in salt spray (ASTM B117) testing and in fertilizer (urea) applications.

Caution: Where low toxicity and low corrosion are required, as in food or beverage applications, steel coated with any form of zinc or other protective coatings is not recommended.

Notes:

 Caution: Where low toxicity and low corrosion are required as in food or beverage applications, steel coated with any form of zinc or other protective coatings is not recommended.

Choosing the Tube Material and Type

Selection of tube material depends on the fluid, corrosive nature of the service environment, the operating temperature range and the maximum operating pressure. The tube O.D. and wall thickness selection depends on these four parameters.

A simple method of selecting the proper tube type and material is described below.

Table T16 lists several common tube types with their recommended operating temperature ranges, general application, and fitting compatibility. Based on the fluid system parameters and media, select the appropriate tube type and material.

If media and/or service environment is different from the commonly used ones listed in the general application column, please consult the Fluid Compatibility chart on the following page or contact the Tube Fittings Division.

For selecting proper tube O.D. and wall thickness use the procedure given on pages T4 and T28.

Caution: When working with highly corrosive media, always consult the Tube Fittings Division.



| | | Fitting Material | | | Seal Material | | | | | | | | |
|--|----------|------------------|---------|---------|-----------------------|--------------|----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Media | Brass | Steel | 316 SS | BUNA-N | Ethylene Propylene | Fluorocarbon | Neoprene | | | | | | |
| Acetylene | NR | F | S | S | S | S | F | | | | | | |
| Air (oil free) @ 190°F | s | F | s | S | s | S | S | | | | | | |
| Air (oil free) @ 300°F Air (oil free) @ 400°F | S S | F | S S | F NR | F NR | S S | F NR | | | | | | |
| Alcohol, Ethyl | S | NR I | NR | NR | S | NR | S | | | | | | |
| Animal Oils (Lard Oil) | F | F | F | S | F | S | F | | | | | | |
| Aromatic Fuel - 50% | ID | ID | ID | F | NR | S | NR | | | | | | |
| romatic Solvents | ID | ID | F | F | ID | S | NR | | | | | | |
| Asphalt | NR | NR | S | F | NR | S | F | | | | | | |
| ASTM Oil #1 | S | S | S | S | NR | S | S | | | | | | |
| ASTM OII #2 | s | s | s | S | NR | S | F | | | | | | |
| ASTM OII #3 ASTM OII #4 | S S | S S | S S | S F | NR | S S | NR NR | | | | | | |
| ATF Oil | S | s | S | S | NR | S | F | | | | | | |
| Automotive Brake Fluid | ID | ID | ID | NR | S | NR | F | | | | | | |
| Benzene | NR | F | NR | NR | NR | S | NR | | | | | | |
| Brine (Sodium Chloride) | NR | NR | S | S | S | S | S | | | | | | |
| Butane | NR | S | S | S | NR | S | S | | | | | | |
| Carbon Dioxide | S | F | S | S | S | S | S | | | | | | |
| Carbon Monoxide | S | S | S | S | S | S | F | | | | | | |
| Chlorine (Dry) Compressed Air | F | F | NR S | NR S | ID S | F | F | | | | | | |
| Crude Oil | NR | F | S | F | NR | S | NR | | | | | | |
| Cutting Oil | ID | s | s | S | NR | s | F | | | | | | |
| Diesel Fuel | S | S | S | S | NR | S | NR | | | | | | |
| thanol | s | NR | NR | NR | S | NR | S | | | | | | |
| thers | S | S | S | NR | F | F | NR | | | | | | |
| reon 11 | S | ID | ID | F | NR | F | NR | | | | | | |
| reon 12 | S | S | NR | F | NR | S | S | | | | | | |
| reon 22 Guel Oil | S NR | NR S | S S | NR S | NR NR | NR S | S F | | | | | | |
| Gasoline | S | F | S | S | NR | S | NR | | | | | | |
| as, Liquid Propane (LPG) | s | s | s | S | NR | S | F | | | | | | |
| Bas, Natural | F | S | S | S | NR | S | S | | | | | | |
| lelium | S | s | S | S | S | S | S | | | | | | |
| lydraulic Oil, Petroleum Base | S | S | S | S | NR | S | S | | | | | | |
| lydraulic Oil, Water Base | ID | S | S | F | S | NR | F | | | | | | |
| lydrogen Gas | S S | s | s | S | S | S | S | | | | | | |
| et Fuel Kerosene | S | S S | S S | S S | NR NR | S S | NR F | | | | | | |
| ubricating Oil SAE 10, 20, 30, 40, 50 | S S | s | S | s | NR | s | F | | | | | | |
| Aethanol | s | s | s | s | S | NR | S | | | | | | |
| /IL-F-8192 (JP-9) | S | S | S | NR | NR | S | NR | | | | | | |
| /IL-H-5606 | s | s | S | S | NR | S | F | | | | | | |
| /IL-H-6083 | S | S | S | S | NR | S | S | | | | | | |
| ИІС-Н-7083 | S | S | S | S | S | F | F | | | | | | |
| /IL-H-8446 (MLO-8515) | F | S | s | F | NR | S | S | | | | | | |
| /ii-L-2104 & 2104B /iL-L-7808 | S NR | S F | S S | S S | NRX NR | S S | F NR | | | | | | |
| /ineral Oil | S | S | S | F | NR | S | F | | | | | | |
| litrogen | s | s | s | F. | S | s | S | | | | | | |
| Petrolatum | S | S | S | S | NR | S | F | | | | | | |
| Petroleum Oil (<250°F) | S | s | S | S | NR | S | F | | | | | | |
| ropane | S | S | S | S | NR | S | F | | | | | | |
| 134A | S | S | S | NR | S | NR | NR | | | | | | |
| ea Water | F | NR | S | S | S | S | F | | | | | | |
| kydrol 500, Type 2 | NR | S S | S S | NR | S S | NR F | NR | | | | | | |
| kydrol 7000, Type 2 oap Solutions | NR NR | NR S | S | NR S | S | F S | NR F | | | | | | |
| team (<400°F) | F | S | S | NR | S | NR | г NR | | | | | | |
| Stoddard Solvent | F | S | S | S | NR | S | F | | | | | | |
| ransmission Fluid (Type A) | s | s | s | s | NR | s | F | | | | | | |
| richloroethane | ID | F | S | NR | NR | S | NR | | | | | | |
| Vater | S | F | S | S | S | F | F | | | | | | |

 Table T13 – Fluid Compatibility Chart
 Codes: S = Satisfactory
 F = Fair
 NR = Not recommended
 ID = Insufficient Data

 Dimensions and pressures for reference only, subject to change.



Corrosion of Base Metals in Contact

The susceptibility of different base metals to corrosion while incontact, depends upon the difference between the contact potentials, or the electromotive voltages of the metals involved. The greater the potential difference is, the greater is the tendency for corrosion. The metal with the higher potential forms the anode and is corroded. In other words, the larger the separation distance in the electromotive chart between the two metals in higher the contact contact, the potential and corrosion. For example, zinc chances for and aluminum are very short distance apart in the chart;

therefore potential for corrosion when these two metals are in contact is very low. On the other hand, aluminum and passivated 316 stainless steel are far apart; hence, when in contact, the potential for corrosion is very high. Aluminum, being more anodic metal, will corrode in this combination.

As a general guideline, if the metals are half the length of the chart or more apart, the combination should be avoided. Also, it is not a good idea to combine an anodic metal part with thin cross section, such as thin wall tubing, with a cathodic or less anodic metal part of a heavy cross section, such as a fitting.

| | Electromotive or Galvanic Series for Metals |
|--|---|
| | Magnesium |
| + Anodic | Magnesium Alloys |
| (least noble) corroded | Zinc (Parker steel fittings are zinc plated) |
| N/A | Zinc-Nickel (Parker XTR Plating) |
| Į Ψ́ľ | Beryllium |
| | Aluminum 5052, 3004, 3003, 1100, 6053 |
| | Cadmium |
| | Aluminum 2117, 2017, 2024 T4 |
| | Mild steel (1018), wrought iron, free machining steel (12L14) |
| | Low alloy high strength steel, cast iron Chrome iron (active) |
| | 430 Stainless (active) |
| | 302, 303, 321, 347, 410, 416, stainless steel (active) |
| | Ni-resist |
| | 316, 317 stainless steel (active) |
| | Carpenter 20Cb-3 stainless (active) |
| | Aluminum bronze (CA 687) |
| | Hastelloy C (active) Inconnel 625 (active) Titanium (active) |
| snu | Lead/Tin solder |
| i a | Lead |
| 요 | Tin |
| snl , | Inconnel 600 (active) |
| actp | Nickel (active) 60 Ni-15 Cr (active) |
| atto | 80 Ni-20 Cr (active) |
| vs 1 | Hastelloy B (active) |
| Electric current flows from plus to minus Direction of attack | Naval brass (CA 464), Yellow brass (CA 268), Brass (CA360) |
| ant rec | Red brass (CA 230), Admiralty brass (CA 443) |
| ŭ n | Copper (CA 102) |
| 0 | Maganese bronze (CA 675), Tin bronze (CA 903, 905) |
| ctri | 410, 416 Stainless (passive) Phospher bronze (CA 521, 524) |
| Ë | Silicon bronze (CA 651, 655) |
| | Nickel silver (CA 732, 735, 745, 752, 754, 757, 764, 770, 794) |
| | Cupro Ni 90-10 |
| | Cupro Ni 80-20 |
| | 430 Stainless steel (passive) Cupro Ni 70-30 |
| | Nickel aluminum bronze (CA 630, 632) |
| | Monel 400, K500 |
| | Silver solder |
| | Nickel (passive) |
| | 60 Ni 15 Cr (passive) |
| | Inconnel 600 (passive) |
| | 80 Ni 20 Cr (passive) |
| | Chrome iron (passive) |
| | 302, 303, 304, 321, 347 stainless steel (passive) |
| | 316, 317 stainless steel (passive) (Parker stainless steel fittings are passivated) |
| | Carpenter 20 Cb-3 stainless (passive), Incoloy 825 Silver |
| | Silver Titanium (passive), Hastelloy C & C276 (passive), Inconnel 625 (passive) |
| - Cathodic | Graphic |
| (most noble) | Zirconium |
| protected | Gold |
| | Platinum |
| | |

Example: A thin wall brass tube with steel fitting is a better, although not ideal, combination than a thin wall steel tube with brass fitting.

Table T14 - Electromotiveor Galvanic Series for Metals



O-Ring Material Selection

Standard O-Rings supplied with Parker tube fittings and adapters are 90 durometer hard nitrile (Buna-N) Parker compound #N0552 or similar. These O-Rings are well suited for most industrial hydraulic and pneumatic systems. They have high extrusion resistance making them suitable for very high pressure static applications. Optional high temperature fluorocarbon, Parker compound #V0894, is also available for higher temperature specifications. O-Rings for other than normal hydraulic media or higher temperature applications can be selected from the following chart. The chart should be used only as a general guide. Before making final selection for a given application, it is recommended that appropriate tests be conducted to assure compatibility with the fluid, temperature, pressure and other environmental conditions.

For fluids not shown in the chart, please contact the Tube Fittings Division or Parker Seal Group.

| Recommended for | | | | Parker Compound | No. Color | SAE J515 Type | Shore Hardness | |
|--------------------------------|---------------|---|--|---------------------------------------|------------------|------------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| Acids | -15° to 400°F | Ketones, skydrol fluids, amines (VDMH), anhydrous ammonia, low molecular weight esters and ethers, hot hydroflouric or chlorosulfuric acids | Fluorocarbon | FKM ⁵⁾ or FPM | V0747 | Black | _ | 75 |
| Acids | -15° to 400°F | Ketones, skydrol fluids, amines (VDMH), anhydrous ammonia, low molecular weight esters and ethers, hot hydroflouric or chlorosulfuric acids | Fluorocarbon | Fluorocarbon FKM ⁵⁾ or FPM | | Brown ¹⁾ | _ | 75 |
| Acids | -15° to 400°F | Ketones, skydrol fluids, amines (VDMH), anhydrous ammonia, low molecular weight esters and ethers, hot hydroflouric or chlorosulfuric acids | Fluorocarbon | FKM ⁵⁾ or FPM | V0894 | Brown ^{1),5)} | HK ⁴⁾ | 90 ⁶⁾ |
| Air | -30° to 250° | Phosphate ester base hydraulic fluids, automotive brake fluids, strong acids, ozone, freons, ketones, halogenergated hydrocarbons and methonal | Nitrile-Butadiene | NBR | N0674 | Black | _ | 70 |
| Air | -30° to 250°F | Phosphate ester base hydraulic fluids, automotive brake fluids, strong acids, ozone, freons, ketones, halogenergated hydrocarbons and methonal | Nitrile-Butadiene | NBR | N0552 | Black | CH ²⁾ | 90 ⁶⁾ |
| Air | -30° to 275°F | Phosphate ester base hydraulic fluids, automotive brake fluids, strong acids, ozone, freons, ketones, halogenergated hydrocarbons and methonal | Nitrile-Butadiene | NBR | N1059 | Black | CH ²⁾ | 90 |
| Air | -65° to 225° | Phosphate ester base hydraulic fluids, automotive brake fluids, strong acids, ozone, freons, ketones, halogenergated hydrocarbons and methonal | Nitrile-Butadiene | NBR | N0103 | Black | _ | 70 |
| Alcohols | -65° to 225°F | Petroleum based oils and di-ester Ethylene-Pro- pase lubricants pylene EPDM E0540 Blac | | Black | CA ³⁾ | 80 | | |
| Alcohols | -65° to 225°F | Petroleum based oils and di-ester base lubricants | Ethylene-Pro- pylene | EPDM | E0893 | Purple ¹⁾ | CA ³⁾ | 80 |
| Automotive brake fluids | -65° to 225°F | Petroleum based oils and di-ester base lubricants | Ethylene-Pro- pylene | EPDM | E0540 | Black | CA ³⁾ | 80 |
| Automotive brake fluids | -65° to 225°F | Petroleum based oils and di-ester base lubricants | Ethylene-Pro- pylene | EPDM | E0893 | Purple ¹⁾ | CA ³⁾ | 80 |
| C02 Climate control systems | -65° to 225°F | Petroleum based oils and di-ester base lubricants | Ethylene-Pro- pylene | EPDM | E0962 | Black | | 90 |
| CNG Applications | -65° to 225°F | Phosphate ester base hydraulic fluids, automotive brake fluids, strong acids, ozone, freons, ketones, halogenergated hydrocarbons and methonal | Nitrile-Butadiene | NBR | N0756 | Black | _ | 75 ⁶⁾ |
| Di-ester base lubricants | -15° to 400°F | Ketones, skydrol fluids, amines (VDMH), anhydrous ammonia, low molecular weight esters and ethers, hot hydroflouric or chlorosulfuric acids | Fluorocarbon | FKM ⁵⁾ or FPM | V0747 | Black | _ | 75 |
| Di-ester base lubricants | -15° to 400°F | Ketones, skydrol fluids, amines (VDMH), anhydrous ammonia, low molecular weight esters and ethers, hot hydroflouric or chlorosulfuric acids | Fluorocarbon | FKM ⁵⁾ or FPM | V0884 | Brown ¹⁾ | _ | 75 |
| Di-ester base lubricants | -15° to 400°F | Ketones, skydrol fluids, amines (VDMH), anhydrous ammonia, low molecular weight esters and ethers, hot hydroflouric or chlorosulfuric acids | Fluorocarbon | FKM ⁵⁾ or FPM | V0894 | Brown ^{1),5)} | HK ⁴⁾ | 90 ⁶⁾ |
| Dilute acids and alkalis | -65° to 275°F | Petroleum based oils and di-ester base lubricants | Ethylene-Pro- pylene | EPDM | E0540 | Black | CA ³⁾ | 80 |
| Dilute acids and alkalis | -65° to 275°F | Petroleum based oils and di-ester base lubricants | Ethylene-Pro- pylene | EPDM | E0893 | Purple ¹⁾ | CA ³⁾ | 80 |
| Dry heat (air to 400°F) | -65° to 450°F | Most petroleum fluids, ketones, water and steam | Silicone | Si | S0604 | Rust ¹⁾ | | 70 |
| Ethylene glycol base fluids | -30° to 250° | Phosphate ester base hydraulic fluids, automotive brake fluids, strong acids, ozone, freons, ketones, halogenergated hydrocarbons and methonal | Phosphate ester base hydraulic fluids, automotive brake fluids, strong acids, ozone, freons, ketones, halogenergated | | N0674 | Black | _ | 70 |



| Recommended for | Temperature Range | Not Recommended For | Polymer | Abbreviated Name | Parker Compound | No. Color | SAE J515 Type | Shore Hardness |
|---|----------------------|---|-----------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| Thylene glycol base luids | -30° to 250°F | Phosphate ester base hydraulic fluids, automotive brake fluids, strong acids, ozone, freons, ketones, halogenergated hydrocarbons and methonal | Nitrile-Butadiene | NBR | N0552 | Black | CH ²⁾ | 90 ⁶⁾ |
| Ethylene glycol base luids | -30° to 275°F | Phosphate ester base hydraulic fluids, automotive brake fluids, strong acids, ozone, freons, ketones, halogenergated hydrocarbons and methonal | Nitrile-Butadiene | NBR | NBR N1059 | | CH ²⁾ | 90 |
| thylene glycol base uids | -65° to 225° | Phosphate ester base hydraulic fluids, automotive brake fluids, strong acids, ozone, freons, ketones, halogenergated hydrocarbons and methonal | Nitrile-Butadiene | NBR | N0103 | Black | | 70 |
| ood product pplications (meets DA requirements) | -35° to 250° | Phosphate ester base hydraulic fluids, automotive brake fluids, strong acids, ozone, freons, ketones, halogenergated hydrocarbons and methonal | Nitrile-Butadiene | NBR | N0508 | Black | | 75 |
| lalogenated ydrocarbons | -15° to 400°F | Phosphate ester base hydraulic fluids, automotive brake fluids, strong acids, ozone, freons, ketones, halogenergated hydrocarbons and methonal | Fluorocarbon | FKM ⁵⁾ or FPM | V0747 | Black | | 75 |
| lalogenated ydrocarbons | -15° to 400°F | Ketones, skydrol fluids, amines (VDMH), anhydrous ammonia, low molecular weight esters and ethers, hot hydroflouric or chlorosulfuric acids | Fluorocarbon | FKM ⁵⁾ or FPM | V0884 | Brown ¹⁾ | | 75 |
| lalogenated lydrocarbons | -15° to 400°F | Ketones, skydrol fluids, amines (VDMH), anhydrous ammonia, low molecular weight esters and ethers, hot hydroflouric or chlorosulfuric acids | Fluorocarbon | FKM ⁵⁾ or FPM | V0894 | Brown ^{1),5)} | НК ⁴⁾ | 90 ⁶⁾) |
| ligh aniline point oils | -65° to 450°F | Most petroleum fluids, ketones, water and steam | Silicone Si S0604 | | Rust ¹⁾ | | 70 | |
| ligh aniline point etroleum oils | -45° to 250°F | Phosphate ester fluids and ketones | Neoprene | CR | C0873 | Black | | 70 |
| ligh aniline point etroleum oils | -45° to 250°F | Phosphate ester fluids and ketones | Neoprene | CR | C0944 | Red ¹⁾ | | 70 |
| lot water | -65° to 275°F | Petroleum based oils and di-ester base | Ethylene-Pro- | EPDM | E0540 | Black | CA ³⁾ | 80 |
| lot water | -65° to 275°F | Iubricants Petroleum based oils and di-ester base | pylene Ethylene-Pro- | EPDM | EPDM E0893 | | CA ³⁾ | 80 |
| lydrogen Fuel Cells | -65° to 180°F | lubricants Phosphate ester base hydraulic fluids, automotive brake fluids, strong acids, ozone, freons, ketones, halogenergated hydrocarbons and methonal | pylene Nitrile-Butadiene | NBR N0507 | | Black | | 90 |
| Hydrogen Fuel Cells | -65° to 225°F | Phosphate ester base hydraulic fluids, automotive brake fluids, strong acids, ozone, freons, ketones, halogenergated hydrocarbons and methonal | Nitrile-Butadiene | NBR N0304 | | Black | | 75 |
| Ketones | -65° to 275°F | Petroleum based oils and di-ester base lubricants | Ethylene-Pro- pylene | EPDM | E0540 | Black | CA ³⁾ | 80 |
| letones | -65° to 275°F | Petroleum based oils and di-ester base lubricants | Ethylene-Pro- pylene | EPDM | E0893 | Purple ¹⁾ | CA ³⁾ | 80 |
| 1ild Acids | -45° to 250°F | Phosphate ester fluids and ketones | Neoprene | CR | C0873 | Black | | 70 |
| 1ild Acids | -45° to 250°F | Phosphate ester fluids and ketones | Neoprene | CR | C0944 | Red ¹⁾ | — | 70 |
| lineral Oils | -30° to 250° | Phosphate ester base hydraulic fluids, automotive brake fluids, strong acids, ozone, freons, ketones, halogenergated hydrocarbons and methonal | Nitrile-Butadiene | NBR | N0674 | Black | | 70 |
| <i>l</i> ineral Oils | -30° to 250°F | Phosphate ester base hydraulic fluids, automotive brake fluids, strong acids, ozone, freons, ketones, halogenergated hydrocarbons and methonal | Nitrile-Butadiene | NBR | N0552 | Black | CH ²⁾ | 90 ⁶⁾ |
| lineral Oils | -30° to 275°F | Phosphate ester base hydraulic fluids, automotive brake fluids, strong acids, ozone, freons, ketones, halogenergated hydrocarbons and methonal | Nitrile-Butadiene | NBR | N1059 | Black | CH ²⁾ | 90 |
| lineral Oils | -65° to 225° | Phosphate ester base hydraulic fluids, automotive brake fluids, strong acids, ozone, freons, ketones, halogenergated hydrocarbons and methonal | Nitrile-Butadiene | NBR | NBR N0103 | | | 70 |
| latural Gas | -30° to 250° | Phosphate ester base hydraulic fluids, automotive brake fluids, strong acids, ozone, freons, ketones, halogenergated hydrocarbons and methonal | Nitrile-Butadiene | NBR | N0674 | Black | _ | 70 |
| Natural Gas | -30° to 250°F | Phosphate ester base hydraulic fluids, automotive brake fluids, strong acids, ozone, freons, ketones, halogenergated hydrocarbons and methonal | Nitrile-Butadiene | NBR | N0552 | Black | СН ²⁾⁾ | 90 ⁶⁾ |



| ••••• | • • • • • • • • • | • | ••••• | •••••• | | ••••• | | ···· 🚺 |
|--|----------------------|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| Recommended for | Temperature Range | Not Recommended For | Polymer | Abbreviated Name | Parker Compound | No. Color | SAE J515 Type | Shore Hardness |
| Natural Gas | -30° to 275°F | Phosphate ester base hydraulic fluids, automotive brake fluids, strong acids, ozone, freons, ketones, halogenergated hydrocarbons and methonal | Nitrile-Butadiene | NBR | N1059 | Black | CH ²⁾ | 90 |
| Natural Gas | -65° to 225° | Phosphate ester base hydraulic fluids, automotive brake fluids, strong acids, ozone, freons, ketones, halogenergated hydrocarbons and methonal | Nitrile-Butadiene | NBR | N0103 | Black | | 70 |
| Petroleum based oils and fluids | -30° to 250° | Phosphate ester base hydraulic fluids, automotive brake fluids, strong acids, ozone, freons, ketones, halogenergated hydrocarbons and methonal | Nitrile-Butadiene | NBR | N0674 | Black | | 70 |
| Petroleum based oils and fluids | -15° to 400°F | Ketones, skydrol fluids, amines (VDMH), anhydrous ammonia, low molecular weight esters and ethers, hot hydroflouric or chlorosulfuric acids | Fluorocarbon | FKM ⁵⁾ or FPM | V0747 | Black | | 75 |
| Petroleum based oils and fluids | -15° to 400°F | Ketones, skydrol fluids, amines (VDMH), anhydrous ammonia, low molecular weight esters and ethers, hot hydroflouric or chlorosulfuric acids | Fluorocarbon | FKM ⁵⁾ or FPM | V0884 | Brown ¹⁾ | | 75 |
| Petroleum based oils and fluids | -15° to 400°F | Ketones, skydrol fluids, amines (VDMH), anhydrous ammonia, low molecular weight esters and ethers, hot hydroflouric or chlorosulfuric acids | Fluorocarbon | FKM ⁵⁾ or FPM | V0894 | Brown ^{1),5)} | HK ⁴⁾ | 90 ⁶⁾ |
| Petroleum based oils and fluids | -30° to 250°F | Phosphate ester base hydraulic fluids, automotive brake fluids, strong acids, ozone, freons, ketones, halogenergated hydrocarbons and methonal | Nitrile-Butadiene | NBR | N0552 | Black | CH ²⁾ | 90 ⁶⁾) |
| Petroleum based oils and fluids | -30° to 275°F | Phosphate ester base hydraulic fluids, automotive brake fluids, strong acids, ozone, freons, ketones, halogenergated hydrocarbons and methonal | Nitrile-Butadiene | NBR | N1059 | Black | CH ²⁾ | 90 |
| Petroleum based oils and fluids | -65° to 225° | Phosphate ester base hydraulic fluids, automotive brake fluids, strong acids, ozone, freons, ketones, halogenergated hydrocarbons and methonal | Nitrile-Butadiene | -Butadiene NBR | | Black | | 70 |
| Phosphate ester base hydraulic fluids | -65° to 275°F | Petroleum based oils and di-ester base lubricants | Ethylene-Pro- pylene | EPDM | E0540 | Black | CA ³⁾ | 80 |
| Phosphate ester base hydraulic fluids | -65° to 275°F | Petroleum based oils and di-ester base lubricants | Ethylene-Pro- pylene | EPDM E0893 | | Purple ¹⁾ | CA ³⁾ | 80 |
| Phosphate ester base hydraulic fluids (some) | -15° to 400°F | Ketones, skydrol fluids, amines (VDMH), anhydrous ammonia, low molecular weight esters and ethers, hot hydroflouric or chlorosulfuric acids | Fluorocarbon FKM ⁵⁾ or FPM | | V0747 | Black | | 75 |
| Phosphate ester base hydraulic fluids (some) | -15° to 400°F | Ketones, skydrol fluids, amines (VDMH), anhydrous ammonia, low molecular weight esters and ethers, hot hydroflouric or chlorosulfuric acids | Fluorocarbon | FKM ⁵⁾ or FPM | V0884 | Brown ¹⁾ | | 75 |
| Phosphate ester base hydraulic fluids (some) | -15° to 400°F | Ketones, skydrol fluids, amines (VDMH), anhydrous ammonia, low molecular weight esters and ethers, hot hydroflouric or chlorosulfuric acids | Fluorocarbon | FKM ⁵⁾ or FPM | V0894 | Brown ^{1),5)} | HK ⁴⁾ | 90 ⁶⁾ |
| Refrigerants (freons, ammonia) | -45° to 250°F | Phosphate ester fluids and ketones | Neoprene | CR | C0873 | Black | - | 70 |
| Refrigerants (freons, ammonia) | -45° to 250°F | Phosphate ester fluids and ketones | Neoprene | CR | C0944 | Red ¹⁾ | - | 70 |
| Silicate ester lubricants | -45° to 250°F | Phosphate ester fluids and ketones | Neoprene | CR | C0873 | Black | | 70 |
| Silicate ester lubricants | -45° to 250°F | Phosphate ester fluids and ketones | Neoprene | CR | C0944 | Red ¹⁾ | | 70 |
| Silicone and di-ester base lubricants | -30° to 250° | Phosphate ester base hydraulic fluids, automotive brake fluids, strong acids, ozone, freons, ketones, halogenergated hydrocarbons and methonal | Nitrile-Butadiene | NBR | N0674 | Black | | 70 |
| Silicone and di-ester base lubricants | -30° to 250°F | Phosphate ester base hydraulic fluids, automotive brake fluids, strong acids, ozone, freons, ketones, halogenergated hydrocarbons and methonal | Nitrile-Butadiene | NBR | N0552 | Black | CH ²⁾ | 90 ⁶⁾) |
| Silicone and di-ester base lubricants | -30° to 275°F | Phosphate ester base hydraulic fluids, automotive brake fluids, strong acids, ozone, freons, ketones, halogenergated hydrocarbons and methonal | Nitrile-Butadiene NBR | | N1059 | Black | CH ²⁾ | 90 |
| Silicone and di-ester base lubricants | -65° to 225° | Phosphate ester base hydraulic fluids, automotive brake fluids, strong acids, ozone, freons, ketones, halogenergated hydrocarbons and methonal | Nitrile-Butadiene | NBR | N0103 | Black | | 70 |



| Recommended for | Temperature Range | Not Recommended For | Polymer | Abbreviated Name | Parker Compound | No. Color | SAE J515 Type | Shore Hardness |
|--|----------------------|--|-------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| Silicone and silicate ester based lubricants | -15° to 400°E | | Fluorocarbon | FKM ⁵⁾ or FPM | V0747 | Black | | 75 |
| Silicone and silicate ester based lubricants | -15° to 400°F | Ketones, skydrol fluids, amines (VDMH), anhydrous ammonia, low molecular weight esters and ethers, hot hydroflouric or chlorosulfuric acids | Fluorocarbon | FKM ⁵⁾ or FPM | V0884 | Brown ¹⁾ | | 75 |
| Silicone and silicate ester based lubricants | -15° to 400°F | Ketones, skydrol fluids, amines (VDMH), anhydrous ammonia, low molecular weight esters and ethers, hot hydroflouric or chlorosulfuric acids | Fluorocarbon | carbon FKM ⁵⁾ or FPM | | Brown ^{1),5)} | HK ⁴⁾ | 90 ⁶⁾ |
| Silicone oils and greases | -65° to 275°F | Petroleum based oils and di-ester base lubricants | EPDM (60540) | | E0540 | Black | CA ³⁾ | 80 |
| Silicone oils and greases | -65° to 275°F | Petroleum based oils and di-ester base lubricants | Ethylene-Pro- pylene | EPDM | E0893 | Purple ¹⁾ | CA ³⁾ | 80 |
| Steam to 400°F | -65° to 275°F | Petroleum based oils and di-ester base lubricants | Ethylene-Pro- pylene | EPDM | E0540 | Black | CA ³⁾ | 80 |
| Steam to 400°F | -65° to 275°F | Petroleum based oils and di-ester base lubricants | Ethylene-Pro- pylene | EPDM | E0893 | Purple ¹⁾ | CA ³⁾ | 80 |
| Water under 150°F | -30° to 250° | Phosphate ester base hydraulic fluids, automotive brake fluids, strong acids, ozone, freons, ketones, halogenergated hydrocarbons and methonal | Nitrile-Butadiene | NBR | N0674 | Black | | 70 |
| Water under 150°F | -30° to 250°F | Phosphate ester base hydraulic fluids, automotive brake fluids, strong acids, ozone, freons, ketones, halogenergated hydrocarbons and methonal | Nitrile-Butadiene | NBR | N0552 | Black | CH ²⁾ | 90 ⁶⁾ |
| Water under 150°F | -30° to 275°F | Phosphate ester base hydraulic fluids, automotive brake fluids, strong acids, ozone, freons, ketones, halogenergated hydrocarbons and methonall | Nitrile-Butadiene | NBR | N1059 | Black | CH ²⁾ | 90 |
| Water under 150°F | -65° to 225° | Phosphate ester base hydraulic fluids, automotive brake fluids, strong acids, ozone, freons, ketones, halogenergated hydrocarbons and methonal | | NBR | N0103 | Black | | 70 |

Table T15 - O-Ring Selection

1) These Parker "Chromassure" color assurance O-Rings are available from the Parker Hannifin O-Ring Division. They help eliminate assembly errors, reduce warranty costs and liability risks, and assure safety in aftermarket business.

2) Formerly SAE Type I.

3) Formerly SAE Type II.

4) Formerly SAE Type III.

- 5) "FKM" is the ASTM designation for fluorocarbon. Its ISO designation is "FPM". For "DIN" Fittings, color is green.
- 6) Standard compounds available from stock.
- 7) Use 90 durometer hard O-Rings for applications with 1500 psi or higher pressures.



Tube and Fitting Material Compatibility

As a general rule, tube and fitting materials should be the same. If different materials must be considered, the following chart can be used as a general guide. Since operating conditions differ with applications, this chart should be used only as a guide and not a firm recommendation. Before making a final decision on material combination, it should be sufficiently tested under appropriate conditions to assure suitability for the intended application. For additional material combinations, contact the Tube Fittings Division.

| | | | | | | | | | Tub | e Ma | teria | ıl to | Fittir | ng & | Mat | erial | Compatibil | ty | | | | | |
|--|--------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|---|---|-----------|--------------------------|-----|------|----------------------------------|-------|--------|----------|------------------------|----------|------------------------|---|-----|---|----|----|----|
| Tube Material | Specification | Construction | Condition | Max. Hardness | Temperature Range (7) | Application | OR | eal-Lo FS (S J1453 | AE | | iriple 37°F SAE | lare | | FI | erule arele AE J | ss | Intru-Lok Flareless | EO/EO-2 Flareless (ISO 8434-1) | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | S | SS | В | S | SS | В | м | S | SS | М | В | S, SS ,B | | | | | |
| | SAE J524 (ASTM A179) (8) | Seamless | 5 | | | High pressure | E | NR | (6) | G | NR | (6) | NR | E | NR | NR | NR | NR | | | | | |
| Carbon Steel C-1010 | SAE J525 (ASTM A178) (8) | Welded & Drawn | Fully Annealed | HRB 72 | -65° to 500°F -55° to 260°C | hydraulic, air, & some specialty chemicals | E | NR | (6) | Е | NR | (6) | NR | Е | NR | NR | NR | NR | | | | | |
| | SAE J356 | Welded & Flash Controlled | | | | | G | NR | (6) | NR | NR | (6) | NR | G | NR | NR | NR | NR | | | | | |
| Carbon Steel | SAE J2467 | Welded & Flash Controlled | Fully | HRB 75 | -65° to 500°F | High pressure | E | NR | (6) | NR | NR | (6) | NR | E | NR | NR | NR | NR | | | | | |
| C-1021 | SAE J2435 | Welded & Drawn | Annealed | | -55° to 260°C | hydraulic | E | NR | (6) | E | NR | (6) | NR | E | NR | NR | NR | NR | | | | | |
| Carbon Steel High Strength | SAE 2613 | Welded & Flash Controlled | Sub-criti- | | -65° to 500°F | High pressure | E (10) | NR | (6) | NR | NR | (6) | NR | NR | NR | NR | NR | NR | | | | | |
| Low Alloy (HSLA) | SAE J2614 | Welded & Drawn | cally annealed | HRB 90 | -55° to 260°C | hydraulic | E | NR | (6) | NR | NR | (6) | NR | NR | NR | NR | NR | NR | | | | | |
| Alloy Steel 4130 | ASTM A519 | Seamless | | | -65° to 500°F -55° to 260°C | High pressure hydraulics | E (4) | NR | NR | NR | NR | NR | NR | NR | NR | NR | NR | NR | | | | | |
| St 37.4 (Carbon Steel) | DIN 2391 Part 2 (Metric) | Seamless | Fully Annealed | HRB 72 | -65° to 500°F -55° to 260°C | High pressure hydraulic, air, & some specialty chemicals | Е | NR | NR | G | NR | NR | NR | NR | NR | NR | NR | E | | | | | |
| Stainless | ASTM A213 ASTM A269 | Seamless | Fully | | -425° to 1200° | High pressure, high temperature, or | (6) | Е | (6) | (6) | G | (6) | NR | (6) | Е | NR | NR | NR | | | | | |
| Steel 304 & 316 | ASTM A249 ASTM A269 | Welded & Drawn | Annealed | HRB 90 | -255° to 650°C (3) | | | | | | generally corrosive media (1) | (6) | E | (6) | (6) | E | (6) | NR | (6) | Е | NR | NR | NR |
| 1.4571 1.4541 Stainless Steel | DIN 17458 Tab 8 (Metric) | Seamless | Fully Annealed | HRB 90 | -425° to 1200° -255° to 650°C (3) | High pressure, high temperature, or generally corrosive media (1) | (6) | E | NR | (6) | G | NR | NR | NR | E | NR | NR | E | | | | | |
| Copper | SAE J528 (ASTM B-75) (8) | Seamless | Soft Annealed Temper 0 | 60 Max. Rockwell 15T | -325° to 400°F -200° to 205°C | Low pressure, low temperature, water, oil & air | E | (6) | Е | G | (6) | E | NR | G (2) | NR | NR | E | E | | | | | |
| A lu | | | T6 Temper | HRB 56 | -325° to 400°F | Low pressure, low temperature, | NR | NR | NR | G | NR | NR | NR | E (2) | NR | NR | (6) | NR | | | | | |
| Aluminum 6061 | ASTM-B210 | Seamless | 0 & T4 Temper | HRB 30 | -200° to 205°C | water,oil, air & some specialty chemicals | E (5) | NR | NR | G | NR | NR | NR | E (2) | NR | NR | (6) | NR | | | | | |
| Monel 400 | ASTM-B165 | Seamless | Fully Annealed | HRB 70 | -400° to 800°F -240° to 425°C | Sour gas, marine & general chemical processing media | NR | (6) | NR | NR | (6) | NR | E | NR | (6) | E | NR | NR | | | | | |
| Nylon | | Extruded | Flexible & Semi-Rigid | | -60° to 200°F -50° to 95°C | Lube lines, chemi- cal process controls & air | NR | NR | NR | NR | NR | NR | NR | G (2) | G (2) | G (2) | E | G (2), (9) | | | | | |
| Polyethylene | ASTM D-1248 | Extruded | Instrument Grade | | -80° to 150°F -60° to 65°C | Instrumentation lines | NR | NR | NR | NR | NR | NR | NR | G (2) | G (2) | G (2) | E | G (2), (9) | | | | | |
| PVC | | Extruded | Instrument & Laboratory Grade | | 0° to 140°F -20° to 60°C | General purpose laboratory use | NR | NR | NR | NR | NR | NR | NR | NR | NR | NR | G | NR | | | | | |
| PFTE | | Extruded & Cintered | | | -65° to 400°F -55° to 205°C | Very low pressure, high temperature, fuel, lube, chemical & air applications | NR | NR | NR | NR | NR | NR | NR | G (2) | G (2) | G (2) | G | G (2), (9) | | | | | |

Table T16 - Tube and FittingMaterial Compatibility

Ratings Key:

NRNot Recommended

F Fair

G Good

E Excellent

Fitting Materials Code:

- S Steel
- SS Stainless Steel
- B Brass
- M Monel

Notes:

1) For highly corrosive media or service environment, contact the Tube Fittings Division.

2) Requires different assembly procedure. Contact the Tube Fittings Division.

3) Low temperature limit for stainless steel Ferulok fittings is -20°F (-30°C).

4) For brazing only. Grade 4130 not recommended with Parflange process.

5) For use with Parflange process only. Not recommended with brazing.

6) Use depends on specific application. Contact the Tube Fittings Division.

7) Applies to tube material.

8) Comparable specifications to SAE.

9) With metric version of tubing.

10) Not tested with Parflange. Contact the Tube Fittings Division.



Pressure

Fitting and Adapter Pressure Ratings

Fitting Pressure Ratings

Pressure ratings shown on the product pages of this catalog are for dynamic systems. A vast majority of systems where our fittings are used fall in this category. However, there are applications, such as hydraulic jacks, where the system pressure is essentially static once it is pressurized. For this type of an application the fittings can be used at higher pressures.

The dynamic and static systems can be defined as follows:

Dynamic: A system in which the operating pressure fluctuates, in accordance with load, up to a maximum pressure limited by the relief valve. In addition, the system may also experience shocks, vibration and temperature excursions. Example: A backhoe.

Static: A system, once pressurized, is essentially free of pressure fluctuations, shock, vibration and temperature excursions, with such pressurizations not exceeding 30,000 in the life of the system. Example: A hydraulic jack.

The dynamic pressure ratings are based on a minimum design factor of 4. In other words, the fitting is capable of holding a pressure equal to 4 times the rated pressure before leakage or failure. For static applications, the design factor can be 3. Hence, the static rating can be determined by multiplying the dynamic rating by 1.33.

Static pressure rating = 1.33 x Dynamic pressure rating

Example: Static pressure rating for a fitting rated at 6000 $psi = 1.33 \times 6000 = 8000 psi$

Higher (dynamic) Ratings

Some parts are capable of performing at higher pressures than those shown on the product pages. For information on higher ratings, contact Tube Fittings Division.

Tubing Pressure Ratings

Using Tables T20 and T21, determine the tube O.D. and wall thickness combination that satisfies the following two conditions:

- A. Has recommended design pressure equal to or higher than maximum operating pressure.
- B. Provides tube I.D. equal to or greater than required flow diameter determined earlier.

Design pressure values in Tables T20 and T21 are based on the severity of service rating "A" (design factor of 4) in Table T19, and temperature derating factor of 1 in Table T7 on page T9.

If more severe operating conditions are involved, the values in Tables T20 and T21 should be multiplied by appropriate derating factors from Tables T19 and T7 before determining the tube O.D. and wall thickness combination. Contact the Tube Fittings Division when in doubt.

| Material and Type | Allowable Design Stress for Factor of 4 at 72°F | Tube Specification |
|--|---|--------------------------|
| Steel C1010 | 11,250 PSI | SAE J356, J524, J525 |
| Steel C1021 | 15,000 PSI | SAE J2435, L2467 |
| Steel, High Strength Low Alloy (HSLA) | 18,000 PSI | SAE J2613, J2614 |
| Stainless Steel 304 & 316 | 18,800 PSI | ASTM A213, A249, A269 |
| Alloy Steel C4130 | 18,800 PSI | ASTM A519 |
| Copper, K or Y | 6,000 PSI | SAE J528, ASTM B75 |
| Aluminum 6061-T6 | 10,500 PSI | ASTM B210 |
| Monel, 400 | 17,500 PSI | ASTM B165 |

Table T17 – Design Stress Values

Design Pressure Formula (LAME'S)

$$P = S\left(\frac{d2 - d2}{D2 + d2}\right) \text{ where:}$$

D = Outside diameter of tube, in.

d = Inside diameter of tube (D-2T), in

- P = Recommended design pressure, psi
- S = Allowable stress for design factor of 4, psi
- T = Tube wall thickness, in.

Table T18 – Design Pressure Formula

*For thin wall tubes (D/T \geq 10) the following formula may be Used: P = 2ST/D

| Severity of Service | Description | Design Factor | Derating Factor |
|------------------------|---|------------------|--------------------|
| A (Normal) | Moderate mechanical and hydraulic shocks. | 4.00 | 1.00 |
| B (Severe) | Severe hydraulic shocks and mechanical strain. | 6.00 | 0.67 |
| C (Hazardous) | Hazardous application with severe service conditions. | 8.00 | 0.50 |

Table T19 – Severity of Service Design and Derating Factors

Allowable design stress levels and formula used to arrive at the design pressure values are given in the following chart. Values in Table T7 are for fully annealed tubing.

The design factor is generally applied to ultimate strength of material (or burst pressure of tubing) to provide a measure of safety against the unknowns in material and operating conditions. The derating factors listed here should be applied directly to the design pressure values in Tables T20 and T21 to arrive at maximum recommended working pressures (i.e., multiply values in Tables T20 and T21 by these derating factors).



Inch Tube Pressure Ratings



| Inch Tubes* | | | | | | | | | | | Inch Tube | s* | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------|---|------------------|--|-----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------|---|------------------|
| | | | | Desig | n Pressure | | | | | | | Desig | n Pressure | |
| Tube O.D. (in.) | Wall Thick. (in.) | Tube I.D. (in.) | Pressure C-1010 | Steel C-1021 | Stainless Steel 304 & 316, 4130 HSLA | Copper K or Y | | Tube O.D. (in.) | Wall Thick. (in.) | Tube I.D. (in.) | Pressure C-1010 | Steel C-1021 | Stainless Steel 304 & 316, 4130 HSLA | Copper K or Y |
| 0.125 | 0.010 | 0.105 | 1,900 | 2,550 | 3,200 | 1,000 | | 0.625 | 0.058 | 0.509 | 2,250 | 3,000 | 3,750 | 1,200 |
| 0.125 | 0.020 | 0.085 | 4,100 | 5,500 | 6,850 | 2,200 | | 0.625 | 0.065 | 0.495 | 2,550 | 3,400 | 4,250 | 1,350 |
| 0.125 | 0.028 | 0.069 | 5,950 | 7,950 | 9,950 | 3,150 | | 0.625 | 0.083 | 0.459 | 3,350 | 4,450 | 5,600 | 1,750 |
| 0.125 | 0.035 | 0.055 | 7,550 | 10,100 | 12,650 | 4,050 | | 0.625 | 0.095 | 0.435 | 3,900 | 5,200 | 6,500 | 2,050 |
| 0.188 | 0.010 | 0.168 | 1,250 | 1,650 | 2,100 | 650 | | 0.625 | 0.109 | 0.407 | 4,500 | 6,050 | 7,550 | 2,400 |
| 0.188 | 0.020 | 0.148 | 2,600 | 3,500 | 4,400 | 1,400 | | 0.625 | 0.120 | 0.385 | 5,050 | 6,700 | 8,400 | 2,700 |
| 0.188 | 0.028 | 0.132 | 3,800 | 5,050 | 6,350 | 2,000 | | 0.625 | 0.134 | 0.357 | 5,700 | 7,600 | 9,500 | 3,000 |
| 0.188 | 0.035 | 0.118 | 4,850 | 6,500 | 8,150 | 2,600 | | 0.750 | 0.035 | 0.680 | 1,050 | 1,450 | 1,800 | 550 |
| 0.188 | 0.049 | 0.090 | 7,000 | 9,400 | 11,750 | 3,750 | | 0.750 | 0.049 | 0.652 | 1,550 | 2,050 | 2,600 | 800 |
| 0.250 | 0.020 | 0.210 | 1,900 | 2,550 | 3,200 | 1,000 | | 0.750 | 0.058 | 0.634 | 1,850 | 2,450 | 3,100 | 1,000 |
| 0.250 | 0.028 | 0.194 | 2,750 | 3,700 | 4,650 | 1,450 | | 0.750 | 0.065 | 0.620 | 2,100 | 2,800 | 3,500 | 1,100 |
| 0.250 | 0.035 | 0.180 | 3,350 | 4,750 | 5,900 | 1,900 | | 0.750 | 0.083 | 0.584 | 2,750 | 3,650 | 4,550 | 1,450 |
| 0.250 | 0.049 | 0.152 | 5,150 | 6,900 | 8,600 | 2,750 | | 0.750 | 0.095 | 0.560 | 3,150 | 4,250 | 5,300 | 1,700 |
| 0.250 | 0.058 | 0.134 | 6,200 | 8,300 | 10,350 | 3,300 | | 0.750 | 0.109 | 0.532 | 3,700 | 4,950 | 6,150 | 1,950 |
| 0.250 | 0.065 | 0.120 | 7,000 | 9,350 | 11,700 | 3,750 | | 0.750 | 0.120 | 0.510 | 4,100 | 5,500 | 6,850 | 2,200 |
| 0.250 | 0.083 | 0.084 | 8,950 | 11,950 | 14,900 | 4,750 | | 0.750 | 0.134 | 0.482 | 4,650 | 6,200 | 7,750 | 2,450 |
| 0.313 | 0.020 | 0.273 | 1,500 | 2,000 | 2,500 | 800 | | 0.750 | 0.148 | 0.454 | 5,200 | 6,950 | 8,650 | 2,750 |
| 0.313 | 0.028 | 0.257 | 2,150 | 2,900 | 3,600 | 1,150 | | 0.750 | 0.188 | 0.374 | 6,750 | 9,000 | 11,250 | 3,600 |
| 0.313 | 0.035 | 0.243 | 2,750 | 3,700 | 4,600 | 1,450 | | 0.875 | 0.035 | 0.805 | 900 | 1,200 | 1,550 | 500 |
| 0.313 | 0.049 | 0.215 | 4,000 | 5,350 | 6,700 | 2,150 | | 0.875 | 0.049 | 0.777 | 1,300 | 1,750 | 2,200 | 700 |
| 0.313 | 0.058 | 0.197 | 4,850 | 6,450 | 8,100 | 2,550 | | 0.875 | 0.058 | 0.759 | 1,550 | 2,100 | 2,600 | 800 |
| 0.313 | 0.065 | 0.183 | 5,500 | 7,350 | 9,150 | 2,900 | | 0.875 | 0.065 | 0.745 | 1,750 | 2,350 | 2,950 | 950 |
| 0.313 | 0.083 | 0.147 | 7,150 | 9,550 | 11,950 | 3,800 | | 0.875 | 0.083 | 0.709 | 2,300 | 3,100 | 3,850 | 1,200 |
| 0.313 | 0.095 | 0.123 | 8,200 | 10,950 | 13,700 | 4,350 | | 0.875 | 0.095 | 0.685 | 2,650 | 3,600 | 4,500 | 1,400 |
| 0.375 | 0.020 0.028 | 0.335 | 1,250 | 1,650 2,400 | 2,100 | 650 950 | | 0.875 | 0.109 | 0.657 | 3,100 | 4,150 | 5,200 | 1,650 |
| 0.375 0.375 | 0.028 | 0.319 0.305 | 1,800 | , | 3,000 3,800 | | | 0.875 0.875 | 0.120 0.134 | 0.635 0.607 | 3,450 3,900 | 4,650 | 5,800 | 1,850 |
| 0.375 | 0.035 | 0.305 | 2,250 3,300 | 3,050 4,400 | 5,500 | 1,200 1,750 | | 0.875 | 0.134 | 0.607 | 4,350 | 5,250 5,850 | 6,550 7,300 | 2,100 2,300 |
| 0.375 | 0.049 | 0.277 | , | , | 6,600 | | | 1.000 | 0.148 | 0.930 | 800 | · · | | 400 |
| 0.375 | 0.058 | 0.259 | 3,950 4,500 | 5,300 6,000 | 7,500 | 2,100 2,400 | | 1.000 | 0.035 | 0.930 | 1,150 | 1,050 1,500 | 1,350 1,900 | 400 600 |
| 0.375 | 0.083 | 0.245 | 4,500 5,900 | 7,850 | 9,850 | 3,150 | | 1.000 | 0.049 | 0.902 | 1,350 | 1,800 | 2,300 | 700 |
| 0.375 | 0.005 | 0.209 | 6,800 | 9,100 | 11,400 | 3,650 | | 1.000 | 0.065 | 0.870 | 1,550 | 2,050 | 2,550 | 800 |
| 0.375 | 0.093 | 0.155 | 7,850 | 10,500 | 13,150 | 4,200 | | 1.000 | 0.083 | 0.870 | 2,000 | 2,650 | 3,350 | 1,050 |
| 0.500 | 0.028 | 0.137 | 1,300 | 1,750 | 2,200 | 700 | | 1.000 | 0.095 | 0.810 | 2,000 | 3,100 | 3,850 | 1,200 |
| 0.500 | 0.025 | 0.444 | 1,650 | 2,200 | 2,200 | 850 | | 1.000 | 0.109 | 0.782 | 2,300 | 3,600 | 4,500 | 1,200 |
| 0.500 | 0.033 | 0.402 | 2,400 | 3,200 | 4,000 | 1,250 | | 1.000 | 0.109 | 0.762 | 3,000 | 4,000 | 5,000 | 1,400 |
| 0.500 | 0.049 | 0.402 | 2,400 | 3,200 | 4,800 | 1,200 | | 1.000 | 0.120 | 0.732 | 3,350 | 4,500 | 5,650 | 1,800 |
| 0.500 | 0.065 | 0.370 | 3,250 | 4,350 | 5,450 | 1,750 | | 1.000 | 0.134 | 0.702 | 3,750 | 5,050 | 6,300 | 2,000 |
| 0.500 | 0.083 | 0.334 | 4,300 | 5,700 | 7,150 | 2,250 | | 1.000 | 0.156 | 0.688 | 4,000 | 5,350 | 6,700 | 2,100 |
| 0.500 | 0.095 | 0.310 | 4,950 | 6,650 | 8,300 | 2,650 | | 1.000 | 0.188 | 0.624 | 4,900 | 6,550 | 8,200 | 2,600 |
| 0.500 | 0.109 | 0.282 | 5,800 | 7,750 | 9,700 | 3,100 | | 1.000 | 0.220 | 0.560 | 5,850 | 7,800 | 9,750 | 3,100 |
| 0.500 | 0.120 | 0.260 | 6,450 | 8,600 | 10,750 | 3,400 | | 1.250 | 0.049 | 1.152 | 900 | 1,200 | 1,500 | 450 |
| 0.500 | 0.134 | 0.232 | 7,250 | 9,650 | 12,100 | 3,850 | | 1.250 | 0.058 | 1.134 | 1,050 | 1,450 | 1,800 | 550 |
| 0.500 | 0.148 | 0.204 | 8,000 | 10,700 | 13,350 | 4,250 | | 1.250 | 0.065 | 1.120 | 1,200 | 1,600 | 2,050 | 650 |
| 0.500 | 0.188 | 0.124 | 9,900 | 13,250 | 16,550 | 5,300 | | 1.250 | 0.083 | 1.084 | 1,550 | 2,100 | 2,650 | 800 |
| 0.625 | 0.028 | 0.569 | 1,050 | 1,400 | 1,750 | 550 | | 1.250 | 0.095 | 1.060 | 1,800 | 2,450 | 3,050 | 950 |
| 0.625 | 0.035 | 0.555 | 1,300 | 1,750 | 2,200 | 700 | | 1.250 | 0.109 | 1.032 | 2,100 | 2,800 | 3,550 | 1,100 |
| 0.625 | 0.049 | 0.527 | 1,900 | 1,900 | 1,900 | 1,900 | | 1.250 | 0.120 | 1.010 | 2,350 | 3,150 | 3,900 | 1,250 |

Table T20 - Inch Tube Pressure Ratings

*See Table T8 for tube specifications.



Inch Tube Pressure Ratings (cont'd.)

| | Inch Tubes* | | | | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------|---|------------------|
| | | | | Desig | n Pressure | |
| Tube O.D. (in.) | Wall Thick. (in.) | Tube I.D. (in.) | Pressure C-1010 | Steel C-1021 | Stainless Steel 304 & 316, 4130 HSLA | Copper K or Y |
| 1.250 | 0.134 | 0.982 | 2,650 | 3,550 | 4,400 | 1,400 |
| 1.250 | 0.148 | 0.954 | 2,950 | 3,950 | 4,900 | 1,550 |
| 1.250 | 0.156 | 0.938 | 3,100 | 4,150 | 5,200 | 1,650 |
| 1.250 | 0.188 | 0.874 | 3,850 | 5,100 | 6,400 | 2,050 |
| 1.250 | 0.220 | 0.810 | 4,550 | 6,100 | 7,650 | 2,450 |
| 1.500 | 0.065 | 1.370 | 1,000 | 1,350 | 1,650 | 500 |
| 1.500 | 0.083 | 1.334 | 1,300 | 1,750 | 2,150 | 700 |
| 1.500 | 0.095 | 1.310 | 1,500 | 2,000 | 2,500 | 800 |
| 1.500 | 0.109 | 1.282 | 1,750 | 2,300 | 2,900 | 900 |
| 1.500 | 0.120 | 1.260 | 1,900 | 2,550 | 3,200 | 1,000 |
| 1.500 | 0.134 | 1.232 | 2,150 | 2,900 | 3,600 | 1,150 |
| 1.500 | 0.148 | 1.204 | 2,400 | 3,200 | 4,050 | 1,250 |
| 1.500 | 0.156 | 1.188 | 2,550 | 3,400 | 4,250 | 1,350 |
| 1.500 | 0.188 | 1.124 | 3,150 | 4,200 | 5,250 | 1,650 |
| 1.500 | 0.220 | 1.060 | 3,750 | 5,000 | 6,250 | 2,000 |
| 1.500 | 0.250 | 1.000 | 4,300 | 5,750 | 7,200 | 2,300 |
| 2.000 | 0.065 | 1.870 | 750 | 1,000 | 1,250 | 400 |
| 2.000 | 0.083 | 1.834 | 950 | 1,250 | 1,600 | 500 |
| 2.000 | 0.095 | 1.810 | 1,100 | 1,450 | 1,850 | 550 |
| 2.000 | 0.109 | 1.782 | 1,250 | 1,700 | 2,150 | 650 |
| 2.000 | 0.120 | 1.760 | 1,400 | 1,900 | 2,350 | 750 |
| 2.000 | 0.134 | 1.732 | 1,600 | 2,100 | 2,650 | 850 |
| 2.000 | 0.148 | 1.704 | 1,750 | 2,350 | 2,950 | 950 |
| 2.000 | 0.156 | 1.688 | 1,850 | 2,500 | 3,150 | 1,000 |
| 2.000 | 0.188 | 1.624 | 2,300 | 3,050 | 3,800 | 1,200 |
| 2.000 | 0.220 | 1.560 | 2,700 | 3,650 | 4,550 | 1,450 |
| 2.000 | 0.250 | 1.500 | 3,100 | 4,200 | 5,250 | 1,650 |
| 2.000 | 0.281 | 1.438 | 3,550 | 4,750 | 5,950 | 1,900 |

 Table T20 – Inch Tube Pressure Ratings (cont'd.)

*See Table T6 for tube specifications.

Dimensions and pressures for reference only, subject to change.



Ρ

Metric Tube Pressure Ratings

| - |
|---|
| |
| |

| | | Me | tric Tubes | | Metric Tubes | | | | | |
|----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| | | | Static Design | Pressure (Bar) | | | | Static Design | Pressure (E | |
| Tube O.D. mm.) | Wall Thick. (mm.) | Tube I.D. (mm.) | Steel Low-Carbon St. 37-4 | Stainless Steel 1.4571 | Tube O.D. (mm.) | Wall Thick. (mm.) | Tube I.D. (mm.) | Steel Low-Carbon St. 37-4 | Stainles Steel 1.4571 | |
| 4 | 0.5 | 3.0 | 313 | 1.4571 | 25 | 4.0 | 17.0 | 394 | 1.43/1 | |
| 4 | 0.75 | 2.5 | 409 | | 25 | 4.5 | 16.0 | 437 | | |
| 4 | 1.0 | 2.0 | 522 | 600 | 25 | 5.0 | 15.0 | 478 | | |
| 5 | 1.0 | 3.0 | 432 | | 28 | 1.5 | 25.0 | 151 | 158 | |
| 6 | 0.75 | 4.5 | 333 | | 28 | 2.0 | 24.0 | 201 | 210 | |
| 6 | 1.0 | 4.0 | 389 | 426 | 28 | 2.5 | 23.0 | 252 | | |
| 6 | 1.5 | 3.0 | 549 | 600 | 28 | 3.0 | 22.0 | 302 | | |
| 6 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 692 | | 30 | 2.0 | 26.0 | 188 | | |
| 6 | 2.25 | 1.5 | 757 | | 30 | 2.5 | 25.0 | 235 | 245 | |
| 8 | 1.0 | 6.0 | 333 | 368 | 30 | 3.0 | 24.0 | 282 | 294 | |
| 8 | 1.5 | 5.0 | 431 | 472 | 30 | 4.0 | 22.0 | 336 | 392 | |
| 8 | 2.0 | 4.0 | 549 | | 30 | 5.0 | 20.0 | 409 | 100 | |
| 8 | 2.5 | 3.0 | 658 | 204 | 35 | 2.0 | 31.0 | 161 201 | 168 | |
| 10 10 | 1.0 1.5 | 8.0 7.0 | 282 373 | 294 389 | 35 35 | 2.5 3.0 | 30.0 29.0 | 201 | | |
| 10 | 2.0 | 6.0 | 478 | 498 | 35 | 4.0 | 29.0 | 322 | | |
| 10 | 2.0 | 5.0 | 576 | 430 | 33 | 2.5 | 33.0 | 186 | | |
| 10 | 3.0 | 4.0 | 666 | | 38 | 3.0 | 32.0 | 223 | | |
| 12 | 1.0 | 10.0 | 235 | 245 | 38 | 4.0 | 30.0 | 297 | 309 | |
| 12 | 1.5 | 9.0 | 353 | 368 | 38 | 5.0 | 28.0 | 332 | | |
| 12 | 2.0 | 8.0 | 409 | 426 | 38 | 6.0 | 26.0 | 390 | | |
| 12 | 2.5 | 7.0 | 495 | | 38 | 7.0 | 24.0 | 446 | | |
| 12 | 3.0 | 6.0 | 576 | | 42 | 2.0 | 38.0 | 134 | 140 | |
| 12 | 3.5 | 5.0 | 651 | | 42 | 3.0 | 36.0 | 201 | 210 | |
| 14 | 1.5 | 11.0 | 302 | 315 | 42 | 4.0 | 34.0 | 269 | | |
| 14 | 2.0 | 10.0 | 357 | 420 | 50 | 6.0 | 38.0 | 338 | | |
| 14 | 2.5 | 9.0 | 434 | 452 | 50 | 9.0 | 32.0 | 437 | | |
| 14 | 3.0 | 8.0 | 507 | | 65 | 8.0 | 49.0 | 347 | | |
| 14 | 3.5 | 7.0 | 576 | | | | | | | |
| 14 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 641 | 106 | | | | | | |
| 15 15 | 1.0 1.5 | 13.0 12.0 | 188 282 | 196 294 | | | | | | |
| 15 | 2.0 | 11.0 | 336 | 392 | | | | | | |
| 15 | 3.0 | 9.0 | 478 | 592 | | | | | | |
| 16 | 1.5 | 13.0 | 264 | 276 | | | | | | |
| 16 | 2.0 | 12.0 | 353 | 368 | | | | | | |
| 16 | 2.5 | 11.0 | 386 | 403 | | | | | | |
| 16 | 3.0 | 10.0 | 452 | 472 | | | | | | |
| 18 | 1.0 | 16.0 | 157 | | | | | | | |
| 18 | 1.5 | 15.0 | 235 | 245 | | | | | | |
| 18 | 2.0 | 14.0 | 313 | 327 | | | | | | |
| 18 | 2.5 | 13.0 | 392 | | | | | | | |
| 18 | 3.0 | 12.0 | 409 | | | | | | | |
| 20 | 1.5 | 17.0 | 212 | | | | | | | |
| 20 | 2.0 | 16.0 | 282 | 294 | | | | | | |
| 20 | 2.5 | 15.0 | 353 | 368 | | | | | | |
| 20 | 3.0 | 14.0 | 373 | 389 | | | | | | |
| 20 | 3.5 | 13.0 | 426 | | | | | | | |
| 20 | 4.0 | 12.0 | 478 | 000 | | | | | | |
| 22 22 | 1.5 | 19.0 | 192 | 200 267 | | | | | | |
| 22 | 2.0 2.5 | 18.0 17.0 | 256 320 | 207 | | | | | | |
| 22 | 2.5 3.0 | 16.0 | 343 | | | | | | | |
| 22 | 2.0 | 21.0 | 226 | | | | | | | |
| 25 | | | 220 | | | | | | | |
| 25 25 | 2.5 | 20.0 | 282 | 294 | | | | | | |

Table T21 - Metric Tube Pressure Ratings



Tube Selection Example

To select tube material and tube sizes for pressure, return and suction lines for a hydraulic power unit with the following operating parameters known:

Type of fluid: Petroleum base hydraulic fluid

Operating temperature range: -20°F to +140°F.

Maximum operating pressure: 3500 psi

Maximum flow rate through each line: 10 GPM

Severity of service: A (normal)

- **1. Selecting Tube Material:** Table T6 indicates that carbon steel, C-1010, tubing would meet the media, operating temperature range, and maximum operating pressure (high) requirements.
- 2. Sizing the Tube: From Table T1, the recommended flow diameters for various lines for 10 GPM flow rate are: 0.405 for pressure line, 0.639 for return line, and 1.012 for suction line.

Now, using Tables T20 and T21, we need to find tubes with inside diameters (I.D.) equal to or larger than the above flow diameters, and wall thicknesses appropriate for design pressures of 3500 psi minimum for the pressure line and about 500 psi for return and suction lines. Since derating factors for Severity of Service (Table T19) and Max. Operating Temperature (Table T7) are both 1, design pressure values in Tables T20 and T21 do not need to be reduced. Matching tube I.D.s and design pressures in Tables T15 and T16 for above conditions, we find:

- A) For the pressure line, we would choose 5/8" O.D. x .083" wall tubing. The .095" and .109" wall tubes would also be satisfactory if .083" wall is not readily available.
- B) For the return line, either 3/4" x .035" or 3/4" x .049" would meet the requirements. If Ferulok fittings are being used, we will need to go to 3/4" x .065" because .065" is the smallest wall thickness recommended for 3/4" O.D. tubing used with Ferulok fittings in Table T22. This reduces the flow diameter about 3% below the recommended value, but is still in the acceptable range. The alternative is to go to 7/8" O.D. x .072" wall tubing, which is way too large.
- C) For the suction line, we can use any one of the following tubes: 1-1/4" O.D. x .049" to .083" wall tube for Triple-Lok or Seal-Lok fittings and 1-1/4" O.D. x .095" wall tube for Ferulok fittings.

One final consideration in choosing the right wall thickness for tubing is bending. If bending without the use of a mandrel is desired, then wall thickness of less than 7% of tube O.D. should not be used.

| Tube Material | | Tube Material | | Tube Material | | Steel St. Steel | Steel Alloy Steel St. Steel | Copper Aluminum | Steel |
|---------------|--------------|---------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|-------|
| | Size | | Copper Aluminum | Monel | Copper Monel | Plastics | St. Steel | | |
| O.D. (in.) | O.D. (mm) | Dash # | SAE 37° Flare Triple-Lok | SAE Flareless Ferulok | SAE O-Ring Face Seal Seal-Lok | Intru-Lok | Metric Flareless | | |
| 1/8 | 4 | -2 | .010035 | .010035 | — | .012028 | 0.5 - 1 | | |
| 3/16 | 6 | -3 | .010035 | .020049 | — | .012035 | 1-2 | | |
| 1/4 | 8 | -4 | .020065 | .028065 | .020083 | .020049 | 1 - 2.5 | | |
| 5/16 | 10 | -5 | .020065 | .028065 | .020095 | .020065 | 1-3 | | |
| 3/8 | 12 | -6 | .020065 | .035095 | .020109 | .028065 | 1.5 - 3.5 | | |
| 1/2 | 14 | -8 | .028083 | .049120 | .028148 | .035083 | 1.5 - 4 | | |
| 5/8 | 15 | -10 | .035095 | .058120 | .035134 | .035083 | 1.5 - 4 | | |
| 3/4 | 16 | -12 | .035109 | .065120 | .035148 | .035095 | 2 - 4 | | |
| 7/8 | 18 | -14 | .035109 | .072120 | — | .049095 | 2 - 4 | | |
| 1 | 20 | -16 | .035120 | .083148 | .035188 | .049120 | 2.5 - 4 | | |
| 1 1/4 | 22 | -20 | .049120 | .095188 | .049220 | | 2.5 - 4 | | |
| 1 1/2 | 25 | -24 | .049120 | .095220 | .049250 | | 2.5 - 4.5 | | |
| 2 | 28 | -32 | .058134 | .095220 | .065220 | | 2.5 - 4.5 | | |
| | 30 | | | | | | 2.5 - 5 | | |
| | 35 | | | | | | 3 - 5 | | |
| | 38 | | | | | | 3 - 6 | | |
| | 42 | | | | | | 3.5 - 7 | | |

1) Brazing to attach sleeve can be used for all wall thicknesses. For flanging tool availability, see page R24.

 Table T22 – Recommended "Min./Max" Tube Wall

 Thickness for Common Fittings



How to Order Seal-Lok, Triple-Lok, Ferulok, Intru-Lok, JIS and K4

TFD Standard Nomenclature Construction

| | Box 1 | Box 2 | Box 3 | Box 4 | Box 5 | Box 6 |
|---|---|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| | Size | Shape or Style | Sub-Style | Туре | Material | Plating Options |
| - | 1 to 4 sets of numbers from Box 1 | Letter code from Box 2 | Number/Letter code from Box 3 | Number/Letter code from Box 4 | Letter code from Box 5 | Letter code from Box 6 |

Example: Steel Seal-Lok Adjustable Elbow Connector - 3/8" O.D. (-6) Tube to 7/16-20 UNF (-4) ORB = 6-4 C5L-S

(See the shading in the boxes below for the construction of this example)

| Box 1 — Paired Tube and Port End Size Code Table | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------|---|--------------|------------------------|----------|--------------|------------------------|
| Tube End | | F | Port End | | Port End | | |
| Dash Size | Tube O.D. | | Dash Size | SAE Straight Thread | | Dash Size | NPTF Pipe Thread |
| -2 | 1/8 | | -2 | 5/16-24 | | -2 | 1/8 |
| -3 | 3/16 | | -3 | 3/8-24 | | -2 | 1/8 |
| -4 | 1/4 | | -4 | 7/16-20 | | -2 | 1/8 |
| -5 | 5/16 | | -5 | 1/2-20 | | -2 | 1/8 |
| -6 | 3/8 | | -6 | 9/16-18 | | -4 | 1/4 |
| -8 | 1/2 | | -8 | 3/4-16 | | -6 | 3/8 |
| -10 | 5/8 | | -10 | 7/8-14 | | -8 | 1/2 |
| -12 | 3/4 | | -12 | 1 1/16-12 | | -12 | 3/4 |
| -14 | 7/8 | | -14 | 1 3/16-12 | | -12 | 3/4 |
| -16 | 1 | | -16 | 1 5/16-12 | | -16 | 1 |
| -20 | 1 1/4 | | -20 | 1 5/8-12 | | -20 | 1 1/4 |
| -24 | 1 1/2 | | -24 | 1 7/8-12 | | -24 | 1 1/2 |
| -32 | 2 | | -32 | 2 1/2-12 | | -32 | 2 |

| | Box 2 – Shaj | be or Sty | le | | |
|---------|----------------------------------|-----------|---------------------|--|--|
| Straigh | ts | 90° Elb | oows | | |
| В | Nut | C* | Male Elbow | | |
| F* | Male Connector | - | Connector | | |
| FF* | Long Male Connector | CC* | Long Male Elbow | | |
| FF | or Pipe Nipple | CCC* | Extra Long Male | | |
| | Extra Long Male | | Elbow | | |
| FFF* | Connector or Pipe | D | Female Elbow | | |
| FN | Nipple Cap | E | Union Elbow | | |
| G* | Cap Female Connector | = | Bulkhead Union | | |
| Н | Female Connector WE | | Elbow | | |
| HH | Long Union | 45° Elb | ° Elbows | | |
| | Plug, Straight Thread, | N | Union Elbow | | |
| HPN* | Hollow Hex | V* | Male Elbow | | |
| LH | Large Hex Union | V | Connector | | |
| PN* | Plug, Straight Thread. | WN | Bulkhead Union | | |
| | Hex Head | | Elbow | | |
| Т | Sleeve or Ferrule | Tees | | | |
| TP | Sleeve, Parflange | J | Union Tee | | |
| TR | Tube Reducer | М | Female Run Tee | | |
| T22 | Mountie | 0 | Female Branch Tee | | |
| W | Bulkhead Union | R* | Male Run Tee | | |
| WF | Bulkhead Male | S* | Male Branch Tee | | |
| WG | Bulkhead Female | WJ | Bulkhead Branch Tee | | |
| | Bulkhead Locknut for | WJJ | Bulkhead Run Tee | | |
| WLN | Triple-Lok, Ferulok, | Cross | Cross | | |
| | and Intru-Lok | К | Union Cross | | |
| WLNL | Bulkhead Locknut for Seal-Lok | | | | |

| | Box 3 — Sub-Style Modifiers | Box | 4 – Fitting Type | |
|------------------|---|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| | (Connectors, Swivels and Plugs) | 1 | Intru-Lok | |
| 0 | (, , , , , , , , , , | K4 | 60° Cone BSPP | |
| | ctors (a) | L** | Seal-Lok | |
| 3 4** | BSPT Port End | - P4 | JIS 60° Cone | |
| 4^^ 5** | BSPP Port End, O-Ring & RR | T4 | JIS 30° Flare | |
| 5** 8** | SAE Straight Thread Port End | U | Ferulok | |
| Ľ | Metric Port End, O-Ring & RR | x | Triple-Lok | |
| 9 | SAE-ORB with Metal Seal | ^ | Inple-Lok | |
| 42 | BSPP Port End, "ED" Seal | | D. C | |
| 47** | BSPP O-Ring Port, B2351 | | Box 5 — | |
| 82 | Metric Port End, "ED" Seal | | Material Code | |
| 87** | ISO 6149 Port End | В | Brass | |
| J4 (e) | Banjo Connection, BSPP, Soft Seal | CUNI Cupro-Nickel (ex. CUNI 70/30) | | |
| J8 (e) | Banjo Connection, Metric, Soft Seal | D | Dural (Aluminum) | |
| Swivel | Unions (b) | м | Monel | |
| 6 | Female Swivel | | Steel w/ | |
| Swivel | Connectors (c) | S | zinc plating | |
| 63 | BSPT Port, Swivel Connector | | Stainless Steel. | |
| 64** | BSPP Port, Swivel Connector | SS | 316/316L | |
| 642 | BSPP, "ED" Seal, Swivel Connector | | passivated | |
| 65** | SAE-ORB, Swivel Connector | | | |
| 68** | Metric Port, Swivel Connector | | Box 6 — | |
| 682 | Metric Port, Swivel Connector | F | Plating Options | |
| 687** | ISO 6149, Swivel Connector | ZJ | Parker XTR Plating | |
| | t Thread Plugs (d) ers for P) | | cing the letter | |
| 4, 5,8 | 9 and 87 as in Connectors above. | | ifter these | |
| Notes | | | style modifiers | |
| a. Mod Box 2. | ifiers for Connectors as noted with asterisk in | and f will ir | itting types ndicate that | |
| b. Mod | ifier for C, V, R ,S ,H ,E and J in Box 2. | | vould like an | |
| c. Mod | ifiers for F only in Box 2. | | ng on that | |
| d. Mod | ifiers for P only in PN and HPN in Box 2. | corre | sponding end. | |
| e. Appl | ies to 90° elbows and tees only. | | | |
| | | | | |



How to Order 4-Bolt Hydraulic Flanges

TFD Standard Nomenclature Construction

| Box 1 | Box 2 | Box 3 | Box 4 | Box 5 | Box 6 | Box 7 |
|-------------|---------------------------|-------|---------------------------|----------------|----------|-----------------|
| Flange Size | Connection Description | Shape | Flange Connection Type | Mounting Style | Material | Kit Designation |

Box 1 — Port/Tube/Pipe Flange Size

| Symbol | Description |
|---------------------------|---------------------|
| One-to-two digit codes | Size in inches x 16 |

One code is required if end connections are the same size. Two codes are required if they are different sizes (e.g., 16-12).

Box 2 — Port/Tube/Pipe Connection Description

| Symbol | Description |
|----------|---|
| B3 | Braze Socket – silver braze |
| CP1 | Connector Plate – Code 61 |
| CP2 | Connector Plate – Code 62 |
| FCC1 | Flange Clamp, Captive – Code 61 |
| FCC2 | Flange Clamp, Captive – Code 62 |
| FCCT1 | Flange Clamp, Captive with Tapped Holes - Code 61 |
| FCCT2 | Flange Clamp, Captive with Tapped Holes - Code 62 |
| FCS1 | Flange Clamp, Split – Code 61 |
| FCS2 | Flange Clamp, Split – Code 62 |
| G | NPTF Port |
| G3 | BSPT Port |
| G4 | BSPP Port |
| G5 | SAE Port |
| Р | Plug (blanking end) |
| SP | Spacer w/o Gage Ports |
| SPG | Spacer w/ 1/4-18 NPTF Gage Port |
| SPG5 | Spacer w/ 7/16-20 UNF Gage Port |
| SPGG5 | Spacer w/ 1/4-18 NPTF & 7/16-20 UNF Ports |
| WSD1 | Weld Saddle – Pipe |
| WSD2 | Weld Saddle – Tube |
| W4 | Flat Weld Socket – Tube |
| W4S | Flat Weld Socket – Tube (shallow) |
| W5 | Flat Weld Socket – Pipe |
| W5S | Flat Weld Socket - Pipe (shallow) |
| W6 | Extended Weld Socket – Tube |
| W6S | Extended Weld Socket – Tube (shallow) |
| W7 | Extended Weld Socket – Pipe |
| W7S | Extended Weld Socket - Pipe (shallow) |
| WB1 | Weld Butt – Schedule 40 |
| WB3 | Weld Butt – Schedule 80 |
| WB5 | Weld Butt – Schedule 160 |
| WB7 | Weld Butt – Schedule XXS |
| WBT | Weld Butt – Tank Pilot |
| WPL | Weld Plate |
| W | Weld Socket |
| W2 | Weld Nipple |
| W3 or WB | Weld Nipple – Weld Butt, Tube |

Box 3 — Shape Description

| Symbol | Description |
|--------|--------------------------|
| None | Block and Pad, Straight* |
| E | Elbow 90° |
| Н | Barstock, Straight |
| J | Тее |

*The "Block" has O-Ring and drilled mounting holes, while the "Pad" has no O-Ring groove and tapped mounting holes.

Box 4 — Flange Connection Type

| Symbol | Description |
|--------|--|
| Q1 | Code 61 Flange Head w/ O-Ring Groove |
| Q1N | Code 61 Flange Head w/o O-Ring Groove |
| Q2 | Code 62 Flange Head w/ O-Ring Groove |
| Q2N | Code 62 Flange Head w/o O-Ring Groove |
| Q1B | Code 61 Flange Block w/ O-Ring Groove and Drilled Mounting Holes |
| Q1P | Code 61 Flange Block w/o O-Ring Groove and Drilled Mounting Holes |
| Q2B | Code 62 Flange Block w/ O-Ring Groove and Drilled Mounting Holes |
| Q2P | Code 62 Flange Pad w/o O-Ring Groove and Tapped Mounting Holes |
| QSB | Square Flange Block w/ O-Ring Groove and Drilled Mounting Holes |
| QSP | Square Flange Pad w/o O-Ring Groove and Tapped Mounting Holes |

Box 5 - Mounting Style

| Symbol | Description |
|--------|--------------------------------|
| Omit | Inch Mounting Bolts (screws) |
| М | Metric Mounting Bolts (screws) |

Box 6 - Material

| Symbol | Description |
|--------|--|
| S | Steel, Zinc Plated (braze or weld parts may not be plated) |
| SX | Steel, Oil Dipped |
| SS | Stainless Steel |

Box 7 - Kit Designation

| Symbol | Description |
|--------|-----------------------------------|
| Omit | Flange Only |
| Μ | Kit (O-Ring, 4 bolts and washers) |

How to Order EO and EO-2 Fittings and Accessories

TFD Standard Nomenclature Construction

| Box 1 | Box 2 | Box 3 | Box 4 | Box 5 | Box 6 | Box 7 | Box 8 | Box 9 |
|-------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------------|------------|----------|------------|
| Shape/Style | Tube Size (mm.) | EO-2 Designator | Pressure Series | Port Size/ Designator | Port Sealing Method Modifier | Modifier 1 | Material | Modifier 2 |

| | Box 1 – Shap | e/Style Cod | de | 1 [| Box | 2 — Tube |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------|----------------------------|-------|-------|-------------|
| Straights | | Tees | | 1 | Siz | ze (mm.) |
| AS | Weld Connector | EL | Swivel Nut Run | 1 1 | | 04 |
| AS / | Weld Flange | ET | Swivel Nut Branch | 1 | | 05 |
| BFG | Square Flange Connector | GMA1/ | Union w/ Test Point, Pin | 1 F | | 06 |
| DA | Distance Adapter | GMA3/ | Union w/ Test Point, M16x2 | 1 F | | 08 |
| DG101/ | Rotary Union | LEE | Adjustable Run | 1 | | 10 |
| DG102/ | Rotary Connector | Т | Union | 1 F | | 12 |
| DG107/ | Rotary Bulkhead Union | TEE | Adjustable Branch | 1 | | 14 |
| DVGE | Plain Bearing Rotary | ТН | High Pressure Banjo | -1 F | | 15 |
| EGE | Swivel Nut Connector | TR | Reducer Union | 1 F | | 16 |
| EGEO | ISO 6149 Swivel Nut Connector | wv | Alternating Valve | 1 | | 18 |
| ESV | Weld Bulkhead Union | Cross | | -1 - | | 20 |
| G | Union | K | Union | -1 F | | 22 |
| GAI | Female Connector | Accessori | | -1 F | | 25 |
| GE | Male Connector | D | Cutting Ring | 1 | | 28 |
| GEO | ISO 6149 Connector | DKA | Metal Seal Ring | -1 F | | 30 |
| GFS / | Flange Connector | DKI | Pressure Gage Seal | -1 F | | 35 |
| <u>GR</u> | Reducer Union | DOZ | EO-2 Seal Ring | -1 - | | 38 |
| GZ | Swivel Union | DPR | Progressive Ring | | | 42 |
| GZR | Reducer Swivel Union | E | Insert | - L | | 42 |
| MAV | Gage Connector | ED | EOlastic Seal | 1 🗖 | - | |
| MAVE | Swivel Nut Gage Connector | FM | EO-2 Functional Nut | - | | 3 — EO-2 |
| RED | Tube End Reducer | GM | Bulkhead Locknut | - | | signator |
| SKA | Weld Adapter | KD | Plastic Seal | - L | Z | EO-2 Ass |
| SV | Bulkhead Union | KDS | Elastomeric Seal | | | |
| VKA1/ | Test Point Connector, Pin | M | Tube Nut | - | В | ox 4 — |
| VKA3/ | Test Point Connector, M16x2 | OR | O-Ring | - | Press | sure Series |
| 90° Elbow | | PSR | Progressive Ring (new) | - | LL | Very Ligh |
| BFW | Square Flange Connector | R | Tube | - | L | Light |
| DG103/ | Rotary Union | ROV | Plug | - | S | Heavy |
| DG104/ | Rotary Connector | VH | Insert | | | |
| DG104/ | Rotary Bulkhead Union | VKA | Cap | - | | |
| DUWE | Plain Bearing Rotary | VSTI | Hollow Hex Plug | - | | |
| EW | Swivel Nut | Valves | TIONOW HEX Flug | - | | |
| SWVE | Banjo | RHD | Union Check | - | | |
| W | Union | RHV | Connector Check | - | | |
| | Weld Connector | RHZ | Connector Check | - | | |
| WAS WE | Male Connector | RHZ | Female Check | - | | |
| WEE | Adjustable | RVP | Cartridge Check | - | | |
| WEE / | | DV | Low Pressure Shut Off | - | | |
| <u>WFS_/</u> WH | Flange Connector | LD | | - | | |
| WH WSV | High Pressure Banjo Bulkhead Union | VDHA | Medium Pressure Shut Off | - | | |
| | | | High Pressure Shut Off | - | | |
| Double 90 | | VDHB | High Pressure Shut Off | - | | |
| DG105/ | Rotary Union | KH | 2-way Ball Valve | - | | |
| DG106/ | Rotary Connector | KH3/2- | 3-way Ball Valve | - | | |
| 45° Elbow | | wv | Alternating Union Tee | | | |
| EV | Swivel Nut | ł | | | | |
| VEE | Adjustable | l | | | | |

| Box 5 — Port Size/ Designator (optional) | | |
|---|--------------------------------|--|
| Metric | | |
| M_ | Metric Parallel | |
| M_X_ | Metric Parallel (Jump Size) | |
| M_X_keg | Metric Taper | |
| NPT - Inc | h | |
| 1/8NPT | NPT Thread | |
| 1/4NPT | NPT Thread | |
| 3/8NPT | NPT Thread | |
| 1/2NPT | NPT Thread | |
| 3/4NPT | NPT Thread | |
| 1NPT | NPT Thread | |
| 1 1/3NPT | NPT Thread | |
| 1 1/2NPT | NPT Thread | |
| SAE-ORB | · | |
| 7/16UNF | Inch Parallel Thread | |
| 9/16UNF | Inch Parallel Thread | |
| 3/4UNF | Inch Parallel Thread | |
| 3/4UNF | Inch Parallel Thread | |
| 7/8UNF | Inch Parallel Thread | |
| 11/16UNF | Inch Parallel Thread | |
| 15/16UNF | Inch Parallel Thread | |
| 1 5/8UNF | Inch Parallel Thread | |
| 1 7/8UNF | | |
| BSPP/BSP | т | |
| R_ | BSPP | |
| R_/_keg | BSPT | |

| Box 6 — Port Sealing Method Modifier (optional) | | |
|--|------------------------|--|
| ED | EOlastic Seal | |
| OR | ISO 6149 O-Ring | |
| Kds | Banjo Seal Ring | |
| | | |
| Box 7 — Modifier 1 (optional) | | |
| OMD | Without Nut and Sleeve | |
| | | |

| OND | without Nut and Sleeve |
|-----|---|
| VIT | FPM (omitted for Stainless) |
| NBR | Nitrile Seals (omitted for Steel and Brass) |
| B | Special Cracking Pressure (check valve) |

| Box 8 — Material | | |
|------------------|-------------------------|--|
| CF | Chromium 6 Free | |
| MS | Brass | |
| 71 | Stainless Steel | |
| VZ | Zinc Plated (tube only) | |
| | | |

| Box 9 — Modifier 2 (optiona | | Modifier 2 (optional) |
|-----------------------------|---|---|
| | Х | Unassembled |



ISO 6149-1 — Metric Straight Thread O-Ring Port

(SAE 2244-1/DIN 3852, Part 3) Metric ISO 261, "M" Thread



| Thread Size | Large d2 ²⁾ | Small d2 ³⁾ | d34) | d4 | d5 | d6 | L1 | L ²⁾ | L3 | L4 | Z° | |
|----------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|------|------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------------|-----|------------------------|-----|---------------------------|
| d11) | min | min. | ref. | | +0.1 0 | +0.5 0 | +0.4 0 | min. | max | min. full thread | ±1° | Parker O-Ring Size® |
| M8 X 1 | 17 | 14 | 3 | 12.5 | 9.1 | 14 | 1.6 | 11.5 | 1 | 10 | 12° | M8 ISO O-Ring |
| M10 X 1 | 20 | 16 | 4.5 | 14.5 | 11.1 | 16 | 1.6 | 11.5 | 1 | 10 | 12° | M10 ISO O-Ring |
| M12 X 1.5 | 23 | 19 | 6 | 17.5 | 13.8 | 19 | 2.4 | 14 | 1.5 | 11.5 | 15° | M12 ISO O-Ring |
| M14 X 1.56) | 25 | 21 | 7.5 | 19.5 | 15.8 | 21 | 2.4 | 14 | 1.5 | 11.5 | 15° | M14 ISO O-Ring |
| M16 X 1.5 | 28 | 24 | 9 | 22.5 | 17.8 | 24 | 2.4 | 15.5 | 1.5 | 13 | 15° | M16 ISO O-Ring |
| M18 X 1.5 | 30 | 26 | 11 | 24.5 | 19.8 | 26 | 2.4 | 17 | 2 | 14.5 | 15° | M18 ISO O-Ring |
| M22 X 1.5 | 33 | 29 | 14 | 27.5 | 23.8 | 29 | 2.4 | 18 | 2 | 15.5 | 15° | M22 ISO O-Ring |
| M27 X 2 | 40 | 34 | 18 | 32.5 | 29.4 | 34 | 3.1 | 22 | 2 | 19 | 15° | M27 ISO O-Ring |
| M30 X 2 | 44 | 38 | 21 | 36.5 | 32.4 | 38 | 3.1 | 22 | 2 | 19 | 15° | M30 ISO O-Ring |
| M33 X 2 | 49 | 43 | 23 | 41.5 | 35.4 | 43 | 3.1 | 22 | 2.5 | 19 | 15° | M33 ISO O-Ring |
| M42 X 2 | 58 | 52 | 30 | 50.5 | 44.4 | 52 | 3.1 | 22.5 | 2.5 | 19.5 | 15° | M42 ISO O-Ring |
| M48 X 2 | 63 | 57 | 36 | 55.5 | 50.4 | 57 | 3.1 | 25 | 2.5 | 22 | 15° | M48 ISO O-Ring |
| M60 X 2 | 74 | 67 | 44 | 65.5 | 62.4 | 67 | 3.1 | 27.5 | 2.5 | 24.5 | 15° | M60 ISO O-Ring |

FOR CARTRIDGE VALVE CAVITIES ONLY (SEE ISO 7789)

| M20X1.57) | 32 | 27 | | 25.5 | 21.8 | 27 | 2.4 | 2 | 14.5 | 15° | M20 ISO O-Ring |
|----------------|-----------|---------|-------|------|------|----|-----|-------|------|-----|----------------|
| Table T23 – Po | rt Detail | - ISO 6 | 149-1 | | | | | | - | | |

1) Per ISO 261 tolerance class 6H. Tap drill per ISO 2306 class 6H.

- 2) Spotface diameter with the optional identification ridge.
- Spotface diameter without identification ridge. Port to be identified by marking "metric" next to it or "ISO 6149-1 Metric" on component name plate.
- 4) Reference only. Connecting hole application may require a different size.
- 5) Tap drill depths given require use of a bottoming tap to produce the specified full thread lengths. Where standard taps are used, increase tap drill depths accordingly.
- 6) Preferred for diagnostic port applications.

For cartridge valve cavity applications only.

8) 90 durometer nitrile is standard for hydraulic applications.

NOTE: For port tapping tools, see pages R34 and R35. See page S6 for assembly torques.



SAE J1926-1 — SAE Straight Thread O-Ring Port (ISO 11926-1)

(Conforms to MS16142. Does NOT conform to MS33649⁽⁸⁾.)

UN/UNF Threads





WHEN TAP DRILL CANNOT PASS THROUGH ENTIRE BOSS

| No | ominal Tub | e OD ¹⁾ | Thread Size | d2 dia. ³⁾ | d3 dia. | d4 dia. | d5 dia.4) | L1 | L2 ⁵⁾ | L3 ³⁾ , ⁶⁾ | L4 | z | |
|--|---------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|---------------|-------------------------|------------------------|------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|--|
| Nom ²⁾ SAE Dash Size | Inch (in.) | Metric (mm.) | ANSI B1.1 (ISO 263) (in.) | (mm.) | min. (mm.) | min. (mm.) | +0.13 -0.00 (mm.) | +0.4 -0.00 (mm.) | min. (mm.) | min. (mm.) | Full Thread min. (mm.) | ±1° deg. | Parker O-Ring Size ⁷⁾ |
| -2 | 1/8 | | 5/16-24 UNF-2B | 17 | 1.6 | 11 | 9.1 | 1.9 | 12.0 | 1.6 | 10.0 | 12° | 3-902 |
| -3 | 3/16 | 4 | 3/8-24 UNF-2B | 19 | 3.2 | 13 | 10.7 | 1.9 | 12.0 | 1.6 | 10.0 | 12° | 3-903 |
| -4 | 1/4 | 6 | 7/16-20 UNF-2B | 21 | 4.4 | 15 | 12.4 | 2.4 | 14.0 | 1.6 | 11.5 | 12° | 3-904 |
| -5 | 5/16 | 8 | 1/2-20 UNF-2B | 23 | 6.0 | 16 | 14.0 | 2.4 | 14.0 | 1.6 | 11.5 | 12° | 3-905 |
| -6 | 3/8 | 10 | 9/16-18 UNF-2B | 25 | 7.5 | 18 | 15.6 | 2.5 | 15.5 | 1.6 | 12.7 | 12° | 3-906 |
| -8 | 1/2 | 12 | 3/4-16 UNF-2B | 30 | 10.0 | 22 | 20.6 | 2.5 | 17.5 | 2.4 | 14.3 | 15° | 3-908 |
| -10 | 5/8 | 14, 15, 16 | 7/8-14 UNF-2B | 34 | 12.5 | 26 | 23.9 | 2.5 | 20.0 | 2.4 | 16.7 | 15° | 3-910 |
| -12 | 3/4 | 18, 20 | 1 1/16-12 UN-2B | 41 | 16.0 | 32 | 29.2 | 3.3 | 23.0 | 2.4 | 19.0 | 15° | 3-912 |
| -14 | 7/8 | 22 | 1 3/16-12 UN-2B | 45 | 18.0 | 35 | 32.3 | 3.3 | 23.0 | 2.4 | 19.0 | 15° | 3-914 |
| -16 | 1 | 25, 28 | 1 5/16-12 UN-2B | 49 | 21.0 | 38 | 35.5 | 3.3 | 23.0 | 3.2 | 19.0 | 15° | 3-916 |
| -20 | 1 1/4 | 30, 32, 35 | 1 5/8-12 UN-2B | 58 | 27.0 | 48 | 43.5 | 3.3 | 23.0 | 3.2 | 19.0 | 15° | 3-920 |
| -24 | 1 1/2 | 38, 42 | 1 7/8-12 UN-2B | 65 | 33.0 | 54 | 49.8 | 3.3 | 23.0 | 3.2 | 19.0 | 15° | 3-924 |
| -32 | 2 | 50 | 2 1/2-12 UN-2B | 88 | 45.0 | 70 | 65.7 | 3.3 | 23.0 | 3.2 | 19.0 | 15° | 3-932 |

Table T24 - Port Detail - SAE J1926-1 (ISO 11926-1)

1) Nominal tube OD is shown for the standard inch sizes and the conversion to equivalent millimeter sizes. Figures are for

- reference only, as any boss can be used for a tubing size depending upon other design criteria.
- 2) See SAE J846 for more information.
- 3) If face of boss is on a machined surface, dimensions d2 and L3 need not apply as long as corner radius R0.2 is maintained.
- 4) Diameter d5 shall be concentric with thread pitch diameter within 0.004 in (0.1 mm) FIM, and shall be free from longitudinal and spiral tool marks. Annular tool marks up to 100 µin (2.5µm) max. shall be permissible.
- 5) Tap drill depths given require use of bottoming taps to produce the specified full thread lengths. Where standard taps are used, the tap drill depths must be increased accordingly.
- 6) Maximum recommended spotface depth to permit sufficient wrench grip for proper tightening of the fitting or locknut.
- 7) 90 durometer nitrile is standard for hydraulic applications.
- 8) See page T34.

NOTE: For port tapping tools, see pages R32 and R33. For assembly torques see page S5.



SAE Straight Thread Connector Use in MS33649

SAE straight thread connectors, such as Parker F5OX, need a special hex chamfer of 35° to a controlled diameter to function properly in MS33649 port. In the past, when MS33649 was more popular, Parker fittings were made with this chamfer. However, this port has been superseded by SAE J1926-1 in industrial applications for over 50 years.

Since J1926-1 is a superior design, Parker, along with other manufacturers, discourages the use of MS33649 port in non aircraft applications. In fact, a chamfer modification requirement for MS33649 will not be in the next printing of the SAE J514 specification, again to discourage the use of this port.

If you must use this port, you have to request fittings with this special chamfer requirement, which makes them special and more expensive.



ISO 6162 — Four-Bolt Flange Connection (Includes SAE J518)



| Nor | ninal | | | : | 2.5 to 31.5 MP (SAE Code | |)) | | | | | | O-Rings ³⁾ | |
|-------|---|------------|--------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|--------|-------|---------|------------|------------------|------------------|----|-----------------------|-------|
| Si | nge ize | | | ng Screws w Holes | | | Flar | ige Hal | f and Bo | lt Patte | ern | | | |
| C | D3 Type I Type II ² (SAE J518) | | | C J W Y L5 L6 | | | | | ISO 3601-1 | Parker O-Ring | | | | |
| (in.) | (mm.) | Thread | t₁Min. depth | Thread (UNC) | t₁Min. depth | ± 0.25 | max. | min. | ± 0.25 | Ref. | | | ID x Section | Size |
| 1/2 | 13 | M8 x 1.5 | 12.5 | 5/16 - 18 | 24 | 38.1 | 54.9 | 53.1 | 17.5 | 46 | 13 | 19 | 19 x 3.55 | 2-210 |
| 3/4 | 19 | M10 x 1.5 | 16.5 | 3/8 - 16 | 22 | 47.6 | 65.8 | 64.3 | 22.3 | 52 | 14 | 22 | 25 x 3.55 | 2-214 |
| 1 | 25 | M10 x 1.5 | 14.5 | 3/8 - 16 | 22 | 52.4 | 70.6 | 69.1 | 26.2 | 59 | 16 | 22 | 32.5 x 3.55 | 2-219 |
| 1 1/4 | 32 | M10 x 1.5 | 16.5 | 7/16 - 14 | 28 | 58.7 | 80.3 | 78.5 | 30.2 | 73 | 14 ⁴⁾ | 24 | 37.5 x 3.55 | 2-222 |
| 1 1/2 | 38 | M12 x 1.75 | 19.5 | 1/2 - 13 | 27 | 69.9 | 94.5 | 93.0 | 35.7 | 83 | 16 | 25 | 47.5 x 3.55 | 2-225 |
| 2 | 51 | M12 x 1.75 | 19.5 | 1/2 - 13 | 27 | 77.8 | 103.1 | 100.1 | 42.9 | 97 | 16 | 26 | 56 x 3.55 | 2-228 |
| 2 1/2 | 64 | M12 x 1.75 | 21.5 | 1/2 - 13 | 30 | 88.9 | 115.8 | 112.8 | 50.8 | 109 | 19 | 38 | 69 x 3.55 | 2-232 |
| 3 | 76 | M16 x 2 | 28.5 | 5/8 - 11 | 30 | 106.4 | 136.7 | 133.4 | 61.9 | 131 | 22 | 41 | 85 x 3.55 | 2-237 |
| 3 1/2 | 89 | M16 x 2 | 28.5 | 5/8 - 11 | 33 | 120.7 | 153.9 | 150.9 | 69.9 | 140 | 22 | 28 | 97.5 x 3.55 | 2-241 |
| 4 | 102 | M16 x 2 | 25.5 | 5/8 - 11 | 30 | 130.2 | 163.6 | 160.3 | 77.8 | 152 | 25 | 35 | 112 x 3.55 | 2-245 |
| 5 | 127 | M16 x 2 | 27.5 | 5/8 - 11 | 33 | 152.4 | 182.6 | 185.7 | 92.1 | 181 | 28 | 41 | 136 x 3.55 | 2-253 |

| | 40 MPa Series ¹⁾ Nominal Flange Clamping Screws | | | | | | | | | O-Rin | gs ³⁾ | | | |
|-------|--|------------|---|--------------|--------------|--------|----------|----------|----------|-------|------------------|----|--------------|--------|
| S | ize)3 | | Scre | | | Flar | ige Hali | f and Bo | It Patte | ern | | | Parker | |
| | | Ту | Type I Type II ²⁾ (SAE J518) | | | | | J | w | Y | L5 | L6 | ISO 3601-1 | O-Ring |
| (in.) | (mm.) | Thread | t₁Min. depth | Thread (UNC) | t₁Min. depth | ± 0.25 | max. | min. | ± 0.25 | Ref. | | | ID x Section | Size |
| 1/2 | 13 | M8 x 12.5 | 14.5 | 5/16 - 18 | 21 | 38.1 | 57.2 | 55.6 | 18.2 | 48 | 16 | 22 | 19 x 3.55 | 2-210 |
| 3/4 | 19 | M10 x 1.5 | 16.5 | 3/8 - 16 | 24 | 47.6 | 72.1 | 70.6 | 23.8 | 60 | 19 | 28 | 25 x 3.55 | 2-214 |
| 1 | 25 | M12 x 1.75 | 21.5 | 7/16 - 14 | 27 | 52.4 | 81.8 | 80.3 | 27.8 | 70 | 24 | 33 | 32.5 x 3.55 | 2-219 |
| 1 1/4 | 32 | M12 x 1.75 | 18.5 | 1/2 - 13 | 25 | 58.7 | 96.0 | 94.5 | 31.8 | 78 | 27 | 38 | 37.5 x 3.55 | 2-222 |
| 1 1/2 | 38 | M16 x 2 | 25.5 | 5/8 - 11 | 35 | 69.9 | 114.3 | 111.3 | 36.5 | 95 | 30 | 43 | 47.5 x 3.55 | 2-225 |
| 2 | 51 | M20 x 2.5 | 33.5 | 3/4 - 10 | 38 | 77.8 | 134.9 | 131.8 | 44.5 | 114 | 37 | 52 | 56 x 3.55 | 2-228 |

Table T25 - Port Detail - ISO 6162

1) 1 MPa = 10 bar = 145 PSI.

2) Not for new design.

3) 90 durometer nitrile is standard for hydraulic applications.

NOTE: For port tapping tools, see pages R32 and R33. See page S8 for assembly torques.





ISO 1179-1¹⁾ — Flat Face Port with British Standard Pipe, Parallel (BSPP) Threads

| | | D4 (r | mm.) | | | EOlastic Seal (Type E) | O-Ring | and Retaining Ring ¹⁾ | Types G & H) | |
|-------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| Thread Size (ISO 228-1) | D3 (mm.) | Narrow Types B & E | Wide Types G & H | L1 max. (mm.) | L2 min. (mm.) | Part No. | O-Ring Size ²⁾ | O-Ring ID x section (mm.) | Retaining Ring Part No. | Bonded Washer Part No. ⁽⁴ |
| G 1/8-28 | 9.9 | 15 | 17.2 | 1.0 | 8.5 | ED10X1X | 5-585 | 7.98 x 1.88 | 1/8 RR | D9DT-2 |
| G 1/4-19 | 13.3 | 20 | 20.7 | 1.5 | 12.5 | ED14X1.5X | 2-111 | 10.77 x 2.62 | 1/4 RR | D9DT-4 |
| G 3/8 19 | 16.8 | 23 | 24.5 | 2.0 | 12.5 | EDR3/8X | 2-113 | 13.94 x 2.62 | 3/8 RR | D9DT-6 |
| G 1/2-14 | 21.1 | 28 | 34.0 | 2.5 | 14.5 | EDR1/2X | 5-256 | 17.96 x 2.62 | 1/2 RR | D9DT-8 |
| G 3/4-14 | 26.6 | 33 | 40.0 | 2.5 | 16.5 | ED26X1.5X | 2-119 | 23.47 x 2.62 | 3/4 RR | D9DT-12 |
| G 1-11 | 33.5 | 41 | 46.1 | 2.5 | 18.5 | ED33X2X | 2-217 | 29.74 x 3.53 | 1 RR | D9DT-16 |
| G 1 1/4-11 | 42.2 | 51 | 54.0 | 2.5 | 20.5 | ED42X2X | 2-222 | 37.69 x 3.53 | 1 1/4 RR | D9DT-20 |
| G 1 1/2-11 | 48.1 | 56 | 60.5 | 2.5 | 22.5 | ED48X2X | 2-224 | 44.04 x 3.53 | 1 1/2 RR | D9DT-24 |
| G 2-11 | 59.9 | 69 | 73.3 | 3.0 | 26.0 | _ | - | - | — | D9DT-32 |

Table T26 - Port Detail - ISO 1179-1

1) Conforms to proposed revision.

2) 90 durometer nitrile is standard for hydraulic applications.

3) See page N6 for O-ring and retaining ring ordering information.

4) See page N7 for details.





ISO 9974 Port seal types available from Parker

| Thread | D3 | D4 | L1 | L2 | w | EOlastic Seal (Type E) | | O-Ring and Retaining | g Ring ¹⁾ |
|-------------------------|---------|-------|---------------|---------------|-------|------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Size (ISO 261) | (mm.) | (mm.) | max. (mm.) | min. (mm.) | (mm.) | Part No. | O-Ring Size ²⁾ | O-Ring ID x section (mm.) | Retaining Ring Part No. |
| M8 x 1 | 8 +0.2 | 13 | 1 | 8 | | ED8X1X | 3-902 | 6.07 x 1.63 | M8 RR |
| M10 x 1 | 10 +0.2 | 15 | 1 | 8 | | ED10X1X | 6-074 | 8.00 x 1.50 | M10 RR |
| M12 x 1.5 | 12 +0.2 | 18 | 1.5 | 12 | | ED12X1.5X | 2-012 | 9.25 x 1.78 | M12 RR |
| M14 x 1.5 | 14 +0.2 | 20 | 1.5 | 12 | 0.1 | ED14X1.5X | 2-013 | 10.82 x 1.78 | M14 RR |
| M16 x 1.5 | 16 +0.2 | 23 | 1.5 | 12 | | ED16X1.5X | 3-907 | 13.46 x 2.08 | M16 RR |
| M18 x 1.5 | 18 +0.2 | 25 | 2 | 12 | | ED18X1.5XX | 2-114 | 15.54 x 2.62 | M18 RR |
| M20 x 1.5 ³⁾ | 20 +0.2 | 27 | 2 | 14 | | ED20X1.5X | 2-017 | 17.17 x 1.78 | M20 RR |
| M22 x 1.5 | 22 +0.2 | 28 | 2.5 | 14 | | ED22X1.5X | 2-018 | 18.77 x 1.78 | M22 RR |
| M24 x 1.54) | 26 +0.2 | 30 | 2.5 | 14 | | - | 2-019 | 20.35 x 1.78 | M24 RR |
| M26 x 1.5 | 26 +0.2 | 33 | 2.5 | 16 | | ED26X1.5X | 2-118 | 21.89 x 2.62 | M26 RR |
| M27 x 2 | 27 +0.2 | 33 | 2.5 | 16 | | ED26X1.5X | 2-119 | 23.47 x 2.62 | M27 RR |
| M33 x 2 | 33 +0.3 | 41 | 2.5 | 18 | 0.2 | ED33X2X | 2-122 | 28.24 x 2.62 | M33 RR |
| M36 x 24) | 36 +0.3 | 43 | 2.5 | 18 | | _ | 2-124 | 31.42 x 2.62 | M36 RR |
| M42 x 2 | 42 +0.3 | 51 | 2.5 | 20 | | ED42X2X | 2-128 | 37.77 x 2.62 | M42 RR |
| M45 x 24) | 45 +0.3 | 50 | 2.5 | 20 | | _ | 2-130 | 40.94 x 2.62 | M45 RR |
| M48 x 2 | 48 +0.3 | 56 | 2.5 | 22 | | ED48X2X | 2-132 | 44.12 x 2.62 | M48 RR |

Table T27 - Port Detail - ISO 9974-1

1) Seal types G and H are not covered in ISO 9974-1. See page N6 for retaining ring and O-Ring ordering information.

2) 90 durometer nitrile is standard for hydraulic applications.

3) For diagnostic applications.

4) These sizes are not covered in ISO 9974-1.



NPTF and BSPT Dimensions



Female NPTF

| Thread | 0.D. | D Min | B Min | E |
|--------------|-------------|--------|---------------------|-------|
| Size | Male Thread | Thread | Tap Drill | Chmf. |
| NPTF | Large Dia. | Length | Depth ¹⁾ | Dia. |
| 1/8-27 | 0.41 | 0.31 | 0.38 | 0.42 |
| 1/4-18 | 0.55 | 0.44 | 0.47 | 0.55 |
| 3/8-18 | 0.68 | 0.47 | 0.53 | 0.69 |
| 1/2-14 | 0.85 | 0.59 | 0.69 | 0.85 |
| 3/4-14 | 1.06 | 0.63 | 0.75 | 1.06 |
| 1-11 1/2 | 1.33 | 0.75 | 0.84 | 1.34 |
| 1 1/4-11 1/2 | 1.67 | 0.78 | 0.84 | 1.68 |
| 1 1/2-11 1/2 | 1.91 | 0.81 | 0.88 | 1.92 |
| 2-11 1/2 | 2.39 | 0.81 | 0.91 | 2.39 |

Table T28 – NPTF Dimensions

1) For bottoming taps only.



Female BSPT

| | | | | _ |
|----------|-------------|--------|---------------------|-------|
| Thread | 0.D. | D Min | B Min | E |
| Size | Male Thread | Thread | Tap Drill | Chmf. |
| BSPT | Large Dia. | Length | Depth ¹⁾ | Dia. |
| 1/8-28 | 0.39 | 0.31 | 0.38 | 0.42 |
| 1/4-19 | 0.53 | 0.44 | 0.47 | 0.55 |
| 3/8-19 | 0.67 | 0.47 | 0.53 | 0.69 |
| 1/2-14 | 0.84 | 0.59 | 0.69 | 0.85 |
| 3/4-14 | 1.06 | 0.63 | 0.75 | 1.06 |
| 1-11 | 1.33 | 0.75 | 0.84 | 1.34 |
| 1 1/4-11 | 1.67 | 0.78 | 0.84 | 1.68 |
| 1 1/2-11 | 1.90 | 0.81 | 0.88 | 1.92 |
| 2-11 | 2.37 | 0.81 | 0.91 | 2.39 |

Table T29 – BSPT Dimensions

1) For bottoming taps only.





Thread Guide

| | | Triple-Lok | Ferulok | SAE |
|------|-------|------------|-----------|-----------|
| Dash | Tube | SAE | SAE | Straight |
| Size | Size | 37° Flare | Flareless | Thread |
| 2 | 1/8 | 5/16-24 | 5/16-24 | 5/16-24 |
| 3 | 3/16 | 3/8-24 | 3/8-24 | 3/8-24 |
| 4 | 1/4 | 7/16-20 | 7/16-20 | 7/16-20 |
| 5 | 5/16 | 1/2-20 | 1/2-20 | 1/2-20 |
| 6 | 3/8 | 9/16-18 | 9/16-18 | 9/16-18 |
| 8 | 1/2 | 3/4-16 | 3/4-16 | 3/4-16 |
| 10 | 5/8 | 7/8-14 | 7/8-14 | 7/8-14 |
| 12 | 3/4 | 1 1/16-12 | 1 1/16-12 | 1 1/16-12 |
| 16 | 1 | 1 5/16-12 | 1 5/16-12 | 1 5/16-12 |
| 20 | 1 1/4 | 1 5/8-12 | 1 5/8-12 | 1 5/8-12 |
| 24 | 1 1/2 | 1 7/8-12 | 1 7/8-12 | 1 7/8-12 |
| 32 | 2 | 2 1/8-12 | 2 1/8-12 | 2 1/8-12 |



| Dash Size | Tube Size | Seal-Lok O-Ring Face Seal | SAE 45° Flare | N.P.T. |
|--------------|--------------|---------------------------------|------------------|--------------|
| 2 | 1/8 | _ | 5/16-24 | 1/8-27 |
| 3 | 3/16 | — | 3/8-24 | — |
| 4 | 1/4 | 9/16-18 | 9/16-18 | 1/4-18 |
| 5 | 5/16 | - | 1/2-20 | - |
| 6 | 3/8 | 11/16-16 | 5/8-18 | 3/8-18 |
| 8 | 1/2 | 13/16-16 | 3/4-16 | 1/2-14 |
| 10 | 5/8 | 1-14 | 7/8-14 | - |
| 12 | 3/4 | 1 3/16-12 | 1 1/16-14 | 3/4-14 |
| 16 | 1 | 1 7/16-12 | 1 3/8-12 | 1-11 1/2 |
| 20 | 1 1/4 | 1 11/8-12 | _ | 1 1/4-11 1/2 |
| 24 | 1 1/2 | 2-12 | _ | 1 1/2-11 1/2 |
| 32 | 2 | _ | _ | 2-11 1/2 |



| | |
|------|------|
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |